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OLDEST DAILY NEWSPAPER IN THE STATE.

THE MORNING STAR.

VOL. LXVII.---NO. 39. WILMINGTON, N. C., WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBER 7, 1900. WHOLE NO. 10,366

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The Morning Star.

OUTLINES.

Simmons swept the State. —— New York carried by the Republicans. —— The South is still solidly Democratic. ——Republicans claim a large majority for McKinley in the electoral college. ——Riots occurred in Denver, Col., in Wilmington, Del., in Philadelphia, and in Indiana. —— Republicans claim the election of enough members of the National House of Representatives to give them a good working majority. —— Negroes started the row in Wilmington, Del., and in Philadelphia. —— Odell, Republican, elected Governor of New York. —— McKinley has, by latest count, 259 votes in the electoral college, against 139 for Bryan, and 49 not reported. ——Democrats carry every Congressional district in the State of North Carolina except the Eighth and Ninth. —— Simmons' majority over Carr will be over 30,000.

WEATHER REPORT.

U. S. DEP'T OF AGRICULTURE,
WEATHER BUREAU,
WILMINGTON, D. C., Nov. 6.

Temperatures: 8 A. M., 52 degrees; 8 P. M., 57 degrees; maximum, 66 degrees; minimum, 50 degrees; mean, 58 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall since 1st of the month up to date, 2.60 inches.

Stage of water in the Cape Fear river at Fayetteville, N. C., at 8 A. M., 10.5 feet.

FORECAST FOR TO-DAY.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—For North Carolina—Cloudy Wednesday, probably showers; Thursday fair, northeasterly winds.

Port Almanac---November 7.

Sun Rises	6.28 A. M.
Sun Sets	4.59 P. M.
Day's Length	10 H. 33 M.
High Water at Southport	7.45 A. M.
High Water Wilmington	10.15 A. M.

A Federal Judge in San Francisco has decided that Hawaiians are not Americans and now they don't know any better what they are than the Porto Ricans do.

The Pennsylvania coal mine operators agreed to raise the wages of their miners 10 per cent. and then proceeded to even up by raising the price of coal 50 cents a ton.

It is said that the Prince of Wales has been reconciled to Tod Sloan. But what we are anxious to know is whether Tod Sloan has become reconciled to the Prince of Wales.

Ex-Secretary Alger is writing a book on his political reminiscences. If he tells all he knows this book ought to have a run and some of his collegians may feel like swearing.

The are said to be about 75,000 Americans in Paris, 35,000 who live there and 40,000 who are on the wing. They spend about $300,000 a day, which is a good deal of money to drop into French tills.

Ladies who have not yet laid in their stock of sealskin jackets, &c., may be interested in the announcement that the catch of seals is 6,000 less than last season. This indicates a raise in price.

There is a strike on at Cripple Creek. The mine owners complain of pilfering gold nuggets by the miners, and insist on stripping them for search before leaving the mine. Being stripped bear the miners will not bear, and hence the strike.

There is a farmer in Georgia who is smoking the highest priced cheroots in that State. Not thinking there would be any top crop of cotton he sold his from a three mule farm for 35 cents worth of cheroots and that top crop was as good as the first crop.

An Illinois farmer, near Pana, has a crop of corn from seed said to be 2,000 years old, found in a pottery vessel in an Indian grave in Arkansas. The corn stalks are now fifteen feet high, but there is no certificate from the dead Indian as to the age of the seed.

There is danger impending over the citizens of Evanston, Ill., unless the policemen there are better shots than the average policeman. The mayor has issued orders to shoot on the spot any person detected in the act of robbery. In that town pedestrians had better wear bullet proof clothes until that order is revoked.

A. S. Kilson, whose father, Commodore Kilson, was worth $15,000,000, is now a bill poster in St. Paul, at $60 a month. On his 25th birthday he inherited $100,000 and got through with that in short order. On his 30th birthday he will receive another instalment. By that time he will probably have had enough of sticking bills and he may stick to his money better.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

— Mrs. J. W. Sheely, of Wilson, arrived in the city last night.

— Mrs. Clayton Giles and Miss Lucile Murchison left last night for New York.

— Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Mann and child returned yesterday to Washington, D. C.

— Maj. T. H. McKoy came in yesterday from Hartsville, S. C., in time to vote.

— Mr. E. J. Bear arrived yesterday evening after an extended absence from the city.

— Messrs. Ernest Nadal and A. P. Weaver, of Wilson, are here for the Williams-Taylor nuptials.

— Mr. I. M. Bear returned last night from an extended trip to Canada and through the Adirondacks.

— Mr. E. M. Williams, of New York, arrived last evening to attend the Williams-Taylor marriage this afternoon.

— Mr. R. E. Van Lear returned to Richmond last night where he is attending the Smith-Deal Business College.

— Miss Elizabeth Brewer, of Wake Forest, left for Raleigh yesterday, after a visit to her sister, Mrs. Jno. H. Gore.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

Opera House—"Pinafore."
B. G. Empie—Sale city lots.
D. L. Gore Co.—Hoop iron.

LOCAL DOTS.

— The tug *Navassa* is on the ways at Skinner's shipyard.

— The Norwegian steamship *Sanna*, 2,300 tons, Wahlberg, from Savannah, anchored at Southport last evening.

— The steamer *E. A. Hawes* arrived yesterday from a trip up the Cape Fear and cleared in the afternoon for the return.

— Standard Oil Barge No. 55 arrived yesterday with a supply of oil for the Wilmington station from Baltimore. She expected to return in tow last night.

At the Opera House.

Last night at the Opera House, the Columbia Opera Company presented "La Mascotte," a delightful comic opera in three acts. Miss Gilman was in good voice and played her part with considerable grace and skill. The audience was not as large as on the previous night, owing to the election, but despite that the entire company succeeded in entertaining.

This afternoon the company will give a special matinee and the attraction will be "H. M. S. Pinafore." Special low prices will prevail all over the house. The bill to-night is "Fra Diavolo."

Reception to Bridal Party.

A splendid reception was given last night at the residence of Mr. Jno. R. Williams, 106 Orange street, complimentary to the bridal party which will participate in the wedding of Mr. A. R. Williams, of New York, to Miss Marjorie Taylor, of this city, this afternoon. The occasion was highly enjoyed by all present and was a pronounced social event. Delicious refreshments were served and the house was profusely decorated.

Will Observe "Century Day."

"A Century Day Service," will be held at the First Baptist Church next Thursday night under the management of the Woman's Missionary Society. Cordial invitations have been extended to the churches of all denominations in the city. A full chorus composed of sixteen of Wilmington's favorite voices will furnish the music.

Funeral of Mrs. Utley.

The funeral of the late Mrs. Laura Fishblate Utley was held at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon from Fifth Street M. E. Church, Rev. J. H. Hall officiating. The following were pall bearers: Messrs. W. J. Newton, G. W. Linder, Wm. Register, E. C. Davis, Mr. Page and Mr. Robbins. The interment was at Oakdale cemetery.

Passed a Yawl.

Capt. Hale, of the Clyde steamshpi *Saginaw* which arrived yesterday before day reported having been signalled at 3 P. M. Monday about 55 miles northeast by east of Frying Pan Lightship by a white yawl flying a green and red club flag. She asked to be reported to the New York *Herald*.

Naval Stores for London.

The Swedish barque *Jupiter* was cleareded yesterday by Messrs. Heide & Co., with an exceptionally large cargo for London. She is laden with 6,758 barrels rosin and 250 casks of tar consigned by Messrs. Paterson, Downing & Co.

Mr. Bellamy Closes Campaign.

Hon. Jno. D. Bellamy returned yesterday at noon from Rockingham, where he closed his campaign in the Sixth District. He spoke to a large crowd there and thinks his majority will reach the mammoth proportions of 1898.

Approaching Marriage.

Invitations have been issued by Mr. William Alfred Martin to the marriage of his daughter, Miss Lola Lamar, to Mr. Charles Elisha Taylor, Jr., November the 20th, at half after five o'clock, St. James' Episcopal Church.

BRYAN, SIMMONS AND BELLAMY.

North Carolina Remains True to Bryan and the Entire Democratic Ticket.

LANDSLIDE FOR CHAIRMAN.

He Has Carried Nearly Every County in the State—Two Congressional Districts in Doubt—Reward for a Peerless Leadership.

[*Special Star Telegrams.*]

RALEIGH, November 6.—The State of North Carolina has remained true to Bryan and Democracy. The majority will not be short of 30,000. The Democrats have carried every Congressional district in the State, except the Eighth and Ninth. Returns from those two districts are very meagre, but it looks like Crawford has been defeated in the Ninth district, and news from the Eighth shows that the vote is close.

Hon. Furnifold M. Simmons will succeed Marion Butler in the United States Senate. It was a landslide. He carried nearly all the counties in the State. Returns up to midnight indicate that his majority will be 40,000. Carr has carried Durham, Alamance, Orange, Rowan, Cabarrus, Anson, Union and Mecklenburg, certain. There are other counties that are close, and a few more may go for Carr; but the Simmons vote is a landslide. It is a great victory for the State chairman, and is due to appreciation of the people for his magnificent conduct of the campaign in 1898 and in 1900.

Wake county is very close, and it may require the official vote to decide whether Simmons or Carr has carried the county. Simmons men claim 200 majority. Pou's majority in this county is about 1,500. He is elected in the district by about 3,000. Both Giles, (Rep.) and Jenkins, (Pop.) remained in the field till the last. Johnston gave Pou a majority of 1,800.

Returns from fifty-five counties show a net gain of seven thousand over Womack's estimate of forty thousand for Simmons. Fear Crawford is defeated. The Eighth district is close. Thirty counties show a majority of twelve thousand for Bryan.

BRUNSWICK.

NORTHWEST, November 6.—Gay's precinct in Northwest gives the following vote; Bryan and Stevenson, 9; McKinley, and Roosevelt, 4; Bellamy, for Congress, 9; Dockery, 4; Simmons for Senator, 9; Carr, 0.

SOUTHPORT, November 6.—Southport precinct: Bellamy, 135; Dockery, 136; Bryan, 126; McKinley, 147; Simmons, 113; Carr, 28.

TOWN CREEK, Nov. 6.—This precinct gives Simmons 23, Carr 84.

WILSON.

WILSON, November 6.—F. M. Simmons carries this county by from 110 to 150 majority; this is semi-official. Wilson township, with 833 white votes gives a tie between Simmons and Carr.

CABARRUS.

CONCORD, November 6.—The four wards in Concord give Carr 261 majority. No. 8 township gives Carr, 138 majority. Carr will carry Cabarrus by about 300.

COLUMBUS.

CHADBOURN, November 6.—This township gives majorities as follows: Simmons, 161; Bellamy, 57; Bryan, 55.

WHITEVILLE, November 6.—Whiteville township gives Bellamy 135 majority; Bryan, 82; Simmons, 154.

Lee township—Bellamy, 19 majority; McKinley, 12; Simmoms, 111.

Ransom townships gives Bryan 24 majority; Bellamy, 25, Simmons 94.

CASWELL.

MILTON, November 9.—Caswell is Democratic by two to three hundred. Seven precincts out of ten give Simmons 498 majority. Everything quiet and full vote cast.

CLEVELAND.

SHELBY, Nov. 6.--Bryan and Stevenson got 1,100 majority in Cleveland county. Buxton, for Congress, gets 1,100. The county give Simmons 1,500 majority. The election was quite.

MARTIN.

WILLIAMSTON, Nov. 6.—Williamston township gives McKinley, 32; Small, for Congress, Democrat, 55; Simons, for Senator, 200. Total majority in Martin county—Bryan, 700; Small, 800; Simmons, 1,214. Election quiet and orderly.

BEAUFORT.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Election here passed off quietly. No disturbances reported from any where in the county. Bryan carries the county by a majority estimated now to be five to six hundred; Simmons' majority from five to seven hundred and fifty. Simmons carries the town of Washington by 100 to 150.

BURGAW, Nov. 6.—The county will give Simmons eight hundred majority; Bryan and Bellamy nine hundred.

MECKLENBURG.

CHARLOTTE, Nov. 6.—Mecklenburg gives Bellamy 2,000 majority. Carr's vote is 400.

CHARLOTTE, Nov. 6.—Returns from all but five precincts in Mecklenburg indicate the following majorities: Bryan, 1,700; Bellamy, 1,800; Carr, 475, with one precinct missing.

ROBESON.

LUMBERTON, Nov. 6.—Robeson gives Simmons twelve to fifteen hundred majority; Bryan and Bellamy two to three thousand.

Official returns give Bryan and Bellamy twenty-three hundred and Simmons eighteen hundred majority.

THE ELECTION IN NEW HANOVER COUNTY.

The Vote Was Light But Balloting Was Lively—Simmons' Majority Approximately 500—Very Little Opposition to the National Democratic Ticket—Semi-Official Returns from Each Township and Precinct in the County.

PRECINCTS.	Presidential Ticket. Bryan Electors.	Presidential Ticket. McKinley Electors.	Congressi'n'l Ticket. J. D. Bellamy Dem.	Congressi'n'l Ticket. O. H. Dockery Rep.	Senatorial Primary. F. M. Simmons	Senatorial Primary. Julian S. Carr.	Senatorial Primary. Scattering.
First Ward—First Precinct	217	.....	217	.....	107	110	.....
" " —Second "	96	4	94	1	59	38	.....
" " —Third "	104	5	104	2	58	48	.....
Second Ward	388	6	355	2	262	95	.....
Third Ward	434	16	427	7	296	158	.....
Fourth Ward	311	15	357	.....	232	120	.....
Fifth Ward—First Precinct	286	4	271	3	180	159	.....
" " —Second "	228	5	220	2	117	110	.....
Cape Fear Township	48	.....	47	.....	31	17	.....
Harnett Towns'p, Delgado Pre.	60	2	60	.....	28	34	.....
" " Second "	59	.....	58	.....	48	11	.....
Masonboro Township	61	.....	61	.....	58	4	.....
Federal Point Township	4	3	5	1	1	4	.....
Total	3,246	60	2,286	18	1,427	908	.....

MAXTON, Nov. 6.—Election quiet. Maxton township gives Bryan 207; McKinley, 31; Bellamy, 213; Dockery, 57; Carr, 193; Simmons, 18.

RED SPRINGS, Nov. 6 —Bryan, 290; McKinley, 63; Wooley, 8; Simmons, 223; Carr, 44.

ROWAN.

SALISBURY, Nov. 6.—Bryan's majority, 1,000; Carr's majority, 150. Klutz is re elected from the Seventh district.

BUNCOMBE.

ASHEVILLE, Nov. 6 —Majorities in Asheville: Moody, 24; McKinley, 140; Simmons, 223.

ANSON.

WADESBORO, November 6.—Anson county gives an estimated majority of 1,200 for Bryan for President and a like majority for John D. Bellamy for Congress. The county gives Carr a majority of 14.

WAYNE.

GOLDSBORO, November 6.—Simmon's majority is over 1,500. Bryan's and Kitchin's about 1,000.

CRAVEN.

NEWBERN, November 9.—Newbern's vote: Simmons, 626; Carr, 97.

NEWBERN, November 6.—Newbern gives Bryan 770; McKinley, 306; Holt, 1; Thomas, Democrat, 908; Fowler, Republican, 171; Parker, Fusion, 1.

PENDER.

CURRIE, November 6.—Bryan, 69; McKinley, 28. Bellamy, for Congress, 7; Dockery, 28. Carr, for Senate, 17; Simmons, 53.

ORANGE.

HILLSBORO, November 6.—Estimated McKinley carries Orange county by 250. Joyce (Rep.) for Congress, by same. Carr's majority, 600.

DUPLIN.

MAGNOLIA, November 6.—Magnolia gives Bryan 8 majority. Congressional vote irregular and thrown out. Simmon's received 123, Carr, 5 votes. Four precincts in Duplin give Bryan 400. Thomas, Democrat, for Congress, 389; Simmons, 446.

STANLY.

ALBEMARLE, Nov. 6.—Stanly gives Bryan 600 majority; Klutz, 700; Simmons, 800. Carr won't get 150 votes in the county. Everything quiet.

CHOWAN.

EDENTON, Nov. 6.—Simmons and Small in the lead. Carr gets about fifty votes in the county. The county is close between McKinley and Bryan. Simmons' majority 900. Everything is quiet.

NASH.

NASHVILLE, Nov. 6.—Nash county gives the Presidential and Congressional tickets from 600 to 800 majority. Simmons' majority 375.

PERQUIMANS.

HERTFORD, Nov. 6.—Perquimans gives Bryan a small majority; Simmons about 700; Small, Dem., 350.

RANDOLPH.

ASHEBORO, Nov. 6.—Carr's vote will not exceed 150 in Randolph; practically unanimous for Simmons. Two of Carr's strongholds give him 14 and 39, respectively.

BERTIE.

WINDSOR, November 6.--Bertie county—four precincts—gave Bryan 624 majority; Kitchen, 630 majority. Simmons' majority is over 1,200 in the county.

EDGECOMBE.

TARBORO, November 6.—Edgecombe's majority will be for Bryan not less than one thousand, and Simmons' thirteen hundred.

CUMBERLAND.

FAYETTEVILLE, November 6.—Cumberland will go four to one for Simmons. Cross Creek township, including Fayetteville, 600 majority for Bryan.

Party disorganization on account of the Senatorial primary renders Bryan's majority doubtful in Cumberland.

IREDELL.

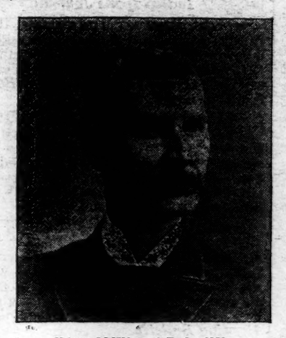
STATESVILLE, November 6.—Simmons carries Iredell by 600 votes; Bryan, 400; Klutz, 525. The official count won't change the above much.

BLADEN.

CLARKTON, November 6.—Majorities in this precinct are; Bryan, 27; Thomas, 38; Simmons, 76.

HALIFAX.

SCOTLAND NECK, November 6.—Kitchin's majority in this precinct is about 350. Simmons' majority over Carr in Scotland Neck, Roseneath and Palmyra townships is about 430. Indications are that Simmons' majority over Carr in the county will be about 250. Kitchin's majority over Martin in Halifax county will probably be 1,800. The National Democratic majority in the county will be about 1,500.



HON. JOHN D. BELLAMY,

Who was yesterday re-elected by an overwhelming majority to Congress from the Sixth District.

SAMPSON.

CLINTON, Nov. 6.—Four townships heard from vote as follows: North and South Clinton combined give McKinley 214; Bryan, 271; for Congress, Thomas, 253; Fowler, 302; for Senator, Simmons, 200; Carr, 16. Herring's township gives McKinley 101; Bryan, 51; Fowler, 104; Thomas, 54; Simmons, 52; Crar, 12. Honneycutt's township is Republican by 135 votes; Simmons, 53; Carr, 5. Sampson has gone Republican by at least eight hundred.

SCOTLAND.

LAURINBURG, Nov. 6.—Bellamy's vote, 432; Dockery, 7, at Laurinburg. Scotland county gives Bellamy over 1,000 majority; Simmons, 49.

PERSON.

ROXBORO, Nov. 6.—Kitchin's majority over Joyce, Republican, for Congress, will not be less than 250 in Person. Simmons' over Carr, not over 150. Light vote polled.

CALDWELL.

LENOIR, Nov. 6.—Twelve precincts give McKinley a majority of 147; Blackburn, 55. Three precincts to hear from will make it 175 for McKinley and about 75 for Blackburn. Simmons carries Caldwell by 25.

LENOIR.

KINSTON, Nov. 6.—Lenoir county gives Simmons 1,100 majority; Kitchin and Bryan about 500 majority.

CATAWBA.

NEWTON, November 6.—Catawba county gives 175 majority for Bryan; 300 majority for Klutz; 1,200 majority for Simmons.

HARNETT.

DUNN, November 6.—Harnett gives Simmons five hundred majority; Bryan four hundred majority. The Congressional ticket the same.

THE SOUTHERN BELL TELEPHONE CO.

Gave Its Subscribers Excellent Returns from the Election at Their Homes.

The Southern Bell Telephone and Telegraph Company, through its enterprising manager, Mr. T. S. McManus, gave to the subscribers of the Bell Telephone Company the full election news from all over the United States as they came in over the Western Union wires last night.

The subscribers of the Bell Telephone could remain at their homes and receive all the election news without having to stand around on the street and wait for the news to be flashed on the canvas or spoken through megaphones. All of the subscribers that notified the manager before 6 o'clock were connected for this special arrangement. The management went to a great deal of extra expense in order to give the subscribers of the Bell Telephone the advantages of the election returns over the telephones to their residences, and the favor is duly appreciated by them.

This arrangement proved a grand success, and everybody was well pleased, and they practically knew who would be their next President, Senator and Congressman and other officers before they retired.

Audit and Finance.

The Board of Audit and Finance met at the City Hall last night in semi-monthly session. Present were Messrs. H. C. McQueen (chairman), C. W. Yates, W. A. Risch, Jesse Wilder and S. P. McNair. After auditing bills for current expenses, the Board adjourned, subject to call.

Do you want 2,000 or 3,000 old newspapers at your own price? If so, call at the STAR office. They make a a cheap wrapping paper. †

GOES TO RICHMOND.

Dr. Strange Last Night Tendered His Resignation as Rector of St. James' Church.

WILL BE URGED TO REMAIN.

The Resignation to Take Effect December 15th—St. Paul's Parish One of the Most Influential in Virginia. Sketch of His Career.

At a meeting of the vestry of St. James' Episcopal parish, held last evening, Rev. Dr. Robert Strange, for thirteen years past the beloved rector of St. James' Church, tendered his resignation, to take effect December 15th. As STAR readers are aware, the resignation is tendered that he may accept the call recently extended to him by St. Paul's parish of Richmond, Va., one of the largest and most influential in the city and in the South.

Dr. Strange explained that it was with a feeling of deepest regret that he felt it his duty to resign the rector ship, and that he would sever his ties with St. James' and with Wilmington only with the greatest reluctance.

Those present at the meeting of the vestry were Messrs. William Calder, Clayton Giles, D. Lippitt, Victor Grainger, A. M. Waddell, T. D. Meares, J. I. Metts, J. H. Boatwright, W. L. DeRosset, W. F. Robertson, John Hardin and J. W. Atkinson.

A committee was immediately appointed to wait upon Dr. Strange and urge his withdrawal of the resignation.

Dr. Strange was born about forty-one years ago in Wilmington. He is a son of Colonel Robert Strange, long known as one of the most prominent constitutional lawyers of the South. He was educated at the University of North Carolina, and afterwards attended the University of Sewanee, Tenn., graduating from both institutions with the highest honors. He married Miss Buford, of Lawrenceville, daughter of Colonel E. P. Buford, in 1886, and has two children, a girl of 11 and a boy aged 9.

He is a half-brother of Mr. Thos. Atkinson, of Richmond, and a very close personal friend of Rev. Mr. Clarke, rector of St. James' Episcopal Church, of Richmond. These ties will make it very pleasant for him in the Dominion State.

Dr. Strange's influence is not confined to the Episcopalian denomination. He is regarded throughout the South as a broad minded, truly good man, and will be a great acquisition to the ranks of the Virginia clergy, and will uphold the best traditions of the rectorship of St. Paul's Church. Three years ago he declined a call to Christ Church, Norfolk, and only recently he declined to become rector of Trinity Church, Columbia, S. C. His father, grandfather, and great-grandfather were all vestrymen of St. James' Church and it will pain the congregation and the people of Wilmington much to give him up.

SON ASSAULTED MOTHER.

Brutal Attack Made Upon Mrs. Jones on Whiskey Creek Yesterday.

News of a cowardly and brutal assault by Willie Jones, a young white man, upon his mother, Mrs. Jones, at her home near Whiskey Creek, was brought to the city yesterday, and Sheriff MacRae with Deputies Millis and Dr. W. D. McMillan left immediately for the scene of the crime.

From the information that could be gathered, it seems that Jones quarrelled with his mother about getting his breakfast and without provocation struck her several terrific blows in the face with a stick, knocking out her right eye and badly bruising her head. The only other persons in the house at the time were Mrs. Jones' two daughters. One of them was knocked down by the infuriated man before he left the house. Mrs. Jones ran to a neighbor's house and fell exhausted on a bed.

The news spread rapidly throughout the neighborhood and in a short time a posse of men were searching the woods for Jones. The sheriff and his posse joined in the search, but could not locate the villain. Dr. McMillan did everything possible for the relief of the suffering woman. Sheriff MacRae and his men returned to the city yesterday afternoon for a few hours, but went back to Whiskey Creek early last night. A telephone message to the STAR office last night stated that Jones was still at large, but the posse was still looking for him.

Mrs. Jones was brought to the city late yesterday afternoon in an ambulance and placed in the City Hospital for treatment. Her injuries are considered serious.

Brunswick Bridge and Ferry Co.

Mr. A. B. Cook, the genial superintendent of the Brunswick Bridge and Ferry Company, informs the STAR that he has just completed and put into service a brand new flat for the transportation of vehicles, persons, etc., across the river. He is receiving many congratulations upon the improved service from the travelling public and he is told by many patrons of the ferry that both the ferry apparatus and the road is now in better condition than in forty years before.

DIED.

TWINING—In this city, at 12:30 P. M., Tuesday, November 6, 1900, COLEMAN TWINING in the 63rd year of his age.

Funeral this (Wednesday) afternoon at 3 o'clock, from residence, No. 407 Walnut street. Interment at Bellevue Cemetery. Friends and acquaintances invited.

MR. C. TWINING DEAD.

Demise Occurred Yesterday Afternoon at His Home—Funeral To-day.

Mr. Coleman Twining died yesterday afternoon at 12:30 o'clock at his residence, 407 Walnut street in the 63rd year of his age. Mr. Twining had been sick for some time, but his death was caused from a severe attack of acute indigestion.

Mr. Twining was born in Pennsylvania and moved South in 1874 and has lived in Wilmington ever since. He was for several years general superintendent of the Pennsylvania Land and Lumber Company. Since that time he has been an architect and builder and established for himself an enviable reputation.

He is survived by his wife and one daughter and three sons, Mrs. George Johnson, of Wilmington; Mr. Harvey C. Twining, of Wilmington, and Drs. S. R. and A. S. Twining, who are travelling men.

The funeral will be conducted at 3 o'clock this afternoon from the late residence, with interment in Bellevue Cemetery.

The Local Markets.

No local and naval stores markets are printed in the STAR this morning as the day was devoid of transactions on the wharf by reason of the election. Col. John L. Cantwell, however, kept the rooms open and posted the receipts for the day as usual.

For LaGrippe and Influenza use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT. †

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Columbia Opera Co.
Matinee To-day, 2.30.
"PINAFORE."
Prices, - - 15 and 25 cts.
To-night,
"Fra Diavolo."
nov 7 1t

It's All the Go.
What?
NEW RIVER OYSTERS at WARREN'S CAFE.
oct 3 tf

Hoop Iron.
One car-load
of Hoop Iron just received. All sizes.
also
Nice Lot Fish Roe,
and
200 Bbls Nice Mullets.
Get our Prices.
D. L. GORE CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
nov 7 tf Wilmington, N. C

SALE CITY LOTS.

William N. Bowden and wife Margaret, P. H. Bowden, Isidore V. Bowden, Theophilus H. Bowden and Lucy C. Bowden, vs. W. W. Hodges and wife, Caroline P. Hodges, John H. Hanby and Alvin W. Bowden, minor. } Partition Proceedings.

By virtue of a decree made in the above entitled cause whereby the undersigned was appointed Commissioner, I will sell at the Court House door in New Hanover county, on Monday, 10th day of December, 1900, at 12 o'clock midday, at public auction, for cash, to the highest bidder, the following described pieces of property, to wit:

First piece—Beginning at the northwestern intersection of Second and Chesnut streets, running thence northwardly along the western line of Second street one hundred feet; thence westwardly parallel with Chesnut street sixty-seven feet; thence southwardly parallel with Second street one hundred feet; thence eastwardly along the northern line of Chesnut street sixty-seven feet, to the beginning, being the eastern parts of lots 7 and 8 in block 191, official plan of the City of Wilmington.

Second piece—Beginning at a point one hundred feet north of the northwestern intersection of Chesnut and Second streets, and on the western line of said Second street, and running thence northwardly along the western line of Second street sixty-six feet; thence westwardly parallel with the northern line of first piece described above, sixty-seven feet; thence southwardly parallel with Second street sixty-six feet; thence eastwardly along the northern line of first piece described above sixty-seven feet, to the beginning, same being eastern parts of lots 4 and 5 in block 191, official plan of City of Wilmington.

According to the decree of court this property is to be sold in two lots and then in its entirety; if the sum bid for the whole is greater than the combined bids for the two lots, the order for confirmation will be asked for the one making the highest bid. If the combined bids for the two lots exceed the sum bid for the whole the confirmation will be asked for the ones buying the lots separately.

Dated and posted this 7th day of November, 1900.
B. G. EMPIE,
nov 7 4t we Commissioner.

DEWEY MIXED Cakes.

NOW'S YOUR CHANCE TO BUY A STOCK FRESH CAKES CHEAP.
Lemons, Ginger, Soda. Assorted Penny and I. X. L. Challenge, Blue Ribbon and High Art CANDIES. New Mullets. Seal Skin Smoking TOBACCOO. Tar Heel Plug.
BUY SALABLE GOODS: THAT'S WHAT MAKES BUSINESS GOOD.
I will handle all Country Produce. Spirits, Rosin, Cotton, Cattle, Sheep, Chickens, Eggs, Fruits, etc., to the best advantage for the shipper.
T. D. LOVE,
114 North Water street.
Steamers for Fayetteville, N. C. Freight and passengers. Monday and Thursday, leave 3 o'clock P. M. T. D. LOVE,
nov 2 tf General Manager.

The Barber Shop.
It makes no difference whether the weather is hot or cold. You need a nice, clean, easy shave all the same.
We cut hair, too.
As well as shampoo.
GUION & DAVIS,
7 South Front street.
P. S.—Brush the gentleman *cap a pie*.
jan 26 tf

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Vollers & Hashagen.
First Hands for
D. S. MEATS
and Hog Products all kinds.
Agent for Packers which guarantee Lowest Prices.
We have on consignment a choice lot of MULLETS. Packages good and Fish better.
We solicit orders and inquiries on MOTT'S CIDER. MOTT'S VINEGAR.
Sole and Exclusive Agents for
Cuban Blossom,
Renown,
Santa Bana,
Topical Twist Cigars.
Famous for their Quality and Price.
We solicit your business.
oct 28 tf

Now For The Fall Trade.
We are now prepared
to fill all orders for goods in our line, wholesale and retail, at prices that will surprise you. Quality, too, is a feature in which we excel.
Agicultural Implements, Fine Cutlery, Tinware, Saddles, Horse Collars, Guns, Pistols, Ammunition of every kind, Stoves, Ranges—
Well, it would require too much space to enumerate the thousand and one articles that make up one of the most complete stocks ever offered in the South
Polite attention, prompt filling of orders and perfect satisfaction guaranteed.
J. W. Murchison & Co.
Orton Buildinx,
sep 2 tf Wilmington, N. C.

SALT.
CARGO JUST ARRIVED,
Orders will receive prompt attention.
FINE NORTH CAROLINA
RUST PROOF OATS.
BAGGING AND TIES.
LIME, CEMENT.
HEAVY GROCERIES.
Lowest Prices.
THE WORTH CO.
sep 19 tf

Our Offer for this week.
1 cent List. Paper Needles. 3 Steel Pens. 4 Slate Pencils. 1 Pencil Tablet. Paper Pins. 1 Rubber Eraser. 2 Lead Pencils. 1 Spool Emb'dy Silk. 1 yard Lace. 1 card Darning Cotton.
2 cent List. Door Stops. Roll Tape. Egg Beaters. 1 doz. Buttons. 1 doz. Kid Curlers. Tea or Coffee Strainers. Child's Handkerchiefs. T. Bed Emb'dy Cotton. Crochet Needles. Thimbles.
3 cent List. Potato Mashers. Tin Cups. 5c Tablets. Leather Purses. 5c Lace. 5c Lead Pencils. 1 doz. Safety Pins. 5c Embroidery. Tumblers. 2 doz. Hooks and Eyes. 5c Mem. Books. Ladies' Handkerchiefs.
4 cent List. Ink. Stocking Darner Machine Oil. Mucilage. Crochet Cotton. Toilet Soaps. Ironing Wax. Best Flo and Twist. Paint Brushes. Embroidery Silk. Combs. C. P. Stands. Tracing Wheels. Alpaca Braid. Wood Spoons.
5 cent List. Goblets. Salt and Pepper Shakers, Gold-plated C. Button. Grad. Qt. Cups. Sauce Dishes. Novels (standard authors.) Tin Basins. Mustard Pot and Spoon. Tin Pans. Tooth Brushes.
10 cent List. Looking Glasses. 2 qt. Glass Dippers. Hammers. Vinegar Holders. Hatchets. Glass Dishes. Butcher Knives. 18 inch Chair Seats. Putty Knives. Shoe Knives, best.
P. S.—Don't forget, Ladies! Duttenhofer's Shoes reduced from $3.00, 2.50 and 2.00, to $2.75, 2.25 and $1.90.
Mercer & Evans Co.,
63½ Steps East from Corner Front.
nov 4 tf

MICHICAN Flour.
1,140 Bags ½ Patent Flour.
610 Barrels ½ Patent Flour.
98 Barrels Best Patent Flour.
3,500 Pounds No. 1 Pic Nic Hams
0,000 Pounds No. 2 Hams, (see other fellow.)
110 Boxes Schnapps Tobacco.
4,000 C. C. Nuts—100 to bag.
1,000 Pounds Fresh Caramels.
1,240 Bushels B. P. Oats.
210 Bushels Seed Rye.
106 Boxes Celluloid Starch.
28 Boxes Ivory Starch.
W. B. COOPER.
308, 310 and 312 Nutt street,
oct 30 tf Wilmington, N. C.

Mullets. Our Own Catch
VIRGINIA WATER GROUND MEAL.
FLOUR, all grades in barrels and bags.
LARD, SOAP, LYE, MULLET BARRELS.
A full line of Tobacco, Cigars & Cigarettes.
SALT in 100 lb., 125 lb. and 200 lb. bags.
CAKES AND CRACKERS of all kinds.
CANDY in Buckets and Boxes.
SARDINES, MOLASSES AND CHEESE.
WRAPPING PAPER, PAPER BAGS.
TWINE, NAILS AND COTTON TIES.
For sale by
WILLIAMS BROTHERS
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants.
sep 18 tf

1900 NOVEMBER 1900						
Su.	Mo.	Tu.	We.	Th.	Fri.	Sat.
				1	2	3
4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12	13	14	15	16	17
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25	26	27	28	29	30	

MOON'S PHASES.

Full Moon	6	6:00 p. m.	New Moon	22	2:17 a. m.
Third Quarter	13	9:37 p.m.	First Quarter	29	0:35 p.m.

The Morning Star

BY WILLIAM H. BERNARD.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, NOV. 7.

A WORLD POWER.

During the past campaign one of the favorite arguments with the advocates of expansion in defending the course of the administration was that the possession of the Philippines is necessary because this country has become a "world power" and must take advantage of opportunities to increase its strength, to take its place and play its part among the Powers. For this reason the Philippines became a neccessity to us. The nations of Europe are to-day planning and competing with each other to extend their "spheres of influence" on the Asiatic continent, and build up trade among the hundreds of millions of people who inhabit it. To accomplish this they have been steadily and persistently encroaching upon China, have been seeking and forcing concessions, which was carried to such an extent that it led to the Boxer uprising which has shocked the world, an uprising in which the innocent were made to suffer for the schemes and aggressions of the grasping nations, in quest of gain.

So is this country seeking a sphere of influence on that continent, not exactly in the same sense that the other territory seizing countries are, but influence that will keep the doors open and the way clear for our commerce. They say that to do this we must have power adequate to enforce our just demands where these demands might be denied, and to make this force fully effective we must have harbors and bases of supply near by so that we could act quickly in an emergency.

No one will deny that from a commercial and a naval standpoint resting places for our ships and bases of supply are not only good things to have but necessary, but it is not necessary to go into the land-grabbing business nor into the butchery of men and women to secure this when it could be done otherwise.

But isn't it a mistaken policy to undertake to extend our trade by a display of force, by putting a chip on our shoulder, as it were, and defying other nations to knock it off? The nation that goes out hunting for fights like the bully who goes out hunting for them, can generally find them, and sometimes find more of them than they can well attend to. Every nation which has a navy is to a greater or less extent a world-power, but the nation which aspires to be a world-power in the sense in the which these praters about a world-power use it, must be a great military power, mighty on land and on sea, and must make war, defenfensive and offensive, one of its chief, if not its chief study. It must not only support a great army and a great navy, but must constantly add to them to maintain its proportionate superiority as other nations increase their armies and navies, which all the ambitious nations which are fearful of or suspicious of others do. This is why to-day we see nearly every commercial nation which is not bankrupt adding to its war fleets, not because there is present need for them but because there may be.

Never were the European nations more formidably equipped for war than they now are and it is not because they fear invasion, but because each may be the better able to carry out its schemes of territorial and trade expansion in which they might be thwarted by some other rival power, so that at the bottom of all this martial array is trade, trade that costs in the end many times as much as it amounts to, and which might have been secured in a different and less costly way. Every nation ought to be able to protect itself, but keeping up a force for defensive and a force for offensive operations are two quite different things. One means simply notice to other nations to keep within their proper bounds and commit no transgression, while the other is a defiance to other nations.

Is this what we must do to put ourselves in the position that these late day expantiontists would have us? Are we to pattern after the nations of the old world and rely upon navies and armies for our prestige and for the progress our commerce makes? While they were building ships and scheming to extend their influence and commerce by seizing and colonizing the territory of defenceless peoples, we were attending to business, without a navy and with an army scarcely large enough to police an ordinary State, and yet we have carried our trade into every country under the sun, have become the greatest commercial nation on the earth and the envy of every other nation. And this we have done without burning a pound of powder. Great armies and navies are necessary only for those nations which expect to live by war. We don't or we shouldn't. In this respect we should do what Mark Hanna so often advised in the past campaign, but with a different meaning "let well enough alone."

THE RACE PROBLEM IN AFRICA.

We have a race problem in this country which we of the South are trying to solve in our own way, peacefully and as best for the white man and for the black man, but which the Republican leaders on both sides of the line are trying to prevent us from solving. But we will settle it, for the white men of the South who have been equal to every emergency by which they have, heretofore, been confronted, will be equal to that.

But it seems that Great Britain, assuming that she has partially, at least, solved the Boer problem by the annexation of the two Boer Republics, has another and even a more troublesome one to solve in the race problem, which she will be forced to face in the coming years, and perhaps in the near future. Heretofore she has been solving that problem by shooting down the natives with machine guns. Discussing the outlook, an Englishman who has been in business in Cape Colony for many years, says:

"Everything is completely out of joint. Whether the two races occupying the country will ever manage to agree, time alone can prove, but if my observations are correct the one thing that will bring them together will be the native problem; and I think eventually they will amalgamate on the question simply because it will be to their own interest. This native question will be the next cause of unrest in this land. Even now signs are not wanting to show that the colored man is getting alive to his own importance and the power which he holds. It will be black and white, and not Dutch and English. Since the war the English are getting alive to the fact that the native has had too much liberty and license from them, and if England is not careful another menace will await her in the enmity of her own subjects on the black question. I can see it already on the horizon. The natives are in millions; they have practically all the labor markets in their hands, and when they get the intelligence it will be a poor lookout for the whites. As to the war, it was bound to come some time; let us hope it has been for the best. Had it come a few years later I believe every man in the country would have been armed and the result would have been terrible."

Talk about race prejudice and color lines, they are everywhere.

It is a race war in China. There the yellow man butchers the white man as cold bloodily as he would butcher a pig.

The white man in the Philippines shoots down a copper-colored native with as little concern as he would a jackrabbit, and the white man in South Africa leveles his machine gun on the black natives and mows them down as a reaper would ripe grain. And yet there are people in this country who howl at Southern men, who are the only people in the world who show humanity in their solution of the race problem, because they insist on keeping the negro in his place and thus averting the conflicts that result in vengeance and carnage.

A WORD FOR THE COW.

The Macon *Telegraph* is doing a good work for Georgia, in stimulating interest in progress on the farm, to which it devotes more attention than any other not strictly agricultural paper in that State. One of the results is general improvement in farming in its section of the State, and a constantly increasing production of wheat and other grain, grasses, &c. Recently a meeting of dairymen was held at Griffin at which there were addresses on grain culture, stock raising, &c., in which the cow was favorably discussed. Speaking of this the *Telegraph* editorially says:

"In getting back to the main question we should not forget the cow.

"As an auxiliary and result of the fields of waving grain, she is not to be ignored without the loss of much profit.

"What with the visit of Governor Hoard, of Wisconsin, and the marvelous stories he told of the rescue of the all-wheat farmers of his State from penury; the increase in the value of farm lands fivefold in a score of years and the quadrupling of their productivity, and the most successful meeting of the State Dairymen's Association recently held in Griffin, the attention of the farmers of the State have been directed to the cow and her products as a source of profit.

"The *Telegraph* has repeatedly called attention to the fact that Georgia, particularly middle and south Georgia, has been peculiarly blessed by nature as a potential dairy country, and to the fact that we have right at home a market for dairy products which will absorb at a profitable figure all that can be made here for a number of years.

"The fact that the product of a Georgia crematory, in competition with the world at the Paris exposition, took a medal for excellence, thus demonstrating the fact that only care and right methods are necessary for the Georgia dairymen to go into the markets of the world and to take her rank as one of the leeding dairy State in the Union.

"Governor Hoard has stated that the beginning of the dairy business in Wisconsin was in 1870, and for years that State has ranked with Iowa, Illinois and New York as the leaders in this line of industry. Farm lands which sold there previous to the development of the industry at from $15 to $20 an acre, and were hard to sell at that, except by the sheriff, are now in demand at $100. These same lands made then an average of eight bushels of wheat, while now they average twenty-four bushels, all thanks, says Governor Hoard, to the cow.

What Wisconsin has done Georgia can do. It is only a question of whether we will or not. Judging from the enthusiasm at Griffin, we will.

There is not a word in this as to the value of the cow which is not as pertinent to North Carolina as it is to Georgia. There is no State in the Union better adapted to stock raising and dairying than North Carolina, and the remarkable thing about it is that while some realize this there are so many who do not. With all our open pasturage, with all our broad acres, capable of feeding countless herds, the State does not produce butter enough for home consumption, and we are dependent upon the dairies of New York, Illinois, Wisconsin and other States for much of the better quality which we do use, in addition to which we doubtless use lots of oleomargarine, and other imitations of butter. This is something which doesn't speak well for the thrift or business sense of our farmers.

BOOK NOTICES.

Gunton's Magazine for November presents a valuable list of contents on political and economic topics in which the reader will be interested, all by able writers. Published by The Gunton Company, Union Square, New York.

In the *Geographic Magazine* for November among other articles is an interesting one on the Samoan Islands, and another on the limited water supply of the arid regions. Published by the National Geographical Society, Washington, D. C.

The November *Sanitarian* presents a list of contents in which the physician, sanitarian and the thoughtful general reader will be interested, and will be found valuable. Address A. N. Bell, M. D., Editor, 337 Clinton street, Brooklyn, N. Y.

The North American Review for November presents a large list of contents, on topics that will will interest the thoughtful reader and be found instructive as well as entertaining. These are all by writers of recognized ability. Address The North American Review Faanklin Square, New York.

The town of Neodesha, Kansas, is said to have more lean people to the square yard than any other town in America. Some of them are so lean that they have to lean against a post to make a shadow. Very few of the men could pull down the scales at a hundred pounds, but they are healthy. It is said that the petroleum and natural gas which underlay the town act as anti-fat accumulators.

Geo. Washington Green, colored, native of Virginia, but for some a time a resident of Long Island Almshouse, died the other day aged 123. With such a distinguished name of course he would be about that age.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE.

— Goldsboro *Argus*: The death of Mrs. Owen Hollingsworth occurred Sunday at her home in this city, after a lingering illness of several months.

— Danberry *Reporter*: We are are told that up to this time there has been more wheat sown in Stokes count than ever before in any one year.

— Newton *Enterprise*: The most of the wheat in the county has been sown, and farmers are well along gathering corn. —— There is a good deal of cotton yet in the fields in this county, and difficulty is experienced in getting hands to pick it.

— Wilkesboro *Chronicle*: It is learned here that on last Thursday night, near Jefferson, Ashe county, a man by the name of Hudgins shot and killed a young man named Duncan. He shot him three times. As reported, they fell out over politics and whiskey. Duncan was the son of a Primitive Baptist preacher and a Democrat. Hudgins is a Republican.

— Oxford *Ledger*: Tuesday morning about 11 o'clock Lewis Harris, with several other colored companions, was out hunting and met Tom Maccadden, another colored man, who was riding a horse in the road near the old Gooch place, not far from Berea. The party stopped and commenced to talk about going to Franklin county. During the conversation Maccadden said to Harris let me see your gun, Maccadden at the same time taking hold of the barrel. Harris held on to the stock of the gun, when Maccadden gave the gun a jerk Harris' hand must have gone over the hammer, as it went off, lodging the load into the heart of Maccadden, who died instantly.

— Wilson *News*: Sunday afternoon between Wilson and Contentnea Creek train No. 23, of the A. C. L. ran over and killed an old white man. The train was going at the rate of thirty miles an hour and the old man was walking along the side of the track. When the train was about sixty or seventy feet from him he turned and looked back. As he did so he stumbled and fell across the track, and the train passed over him, it being impossible to stop it, though it brought up within its length after passing over the body, which was horribly mangled. In the old man's pocket was found a book with the name of Owen Goldsby in it. He has been knocking around Wilson for some days, and said that he had relatives in Wilmington. He was quite a feeble old man, possibly 75 years old, and it is supposed that the sudden sight of the train frightened him and caused him to stumble.

Robbed the Grave.

A startling incident, of which Mr. John Oliver, of Philadelphia, Pa., was the subject, is narrated by him as follows: "I was in a most dreadful condition. My skin was almost yellow, eyes sunken, tongue coated, pain continually in the back and sides and no appetite—gradually growing weaker day by day. Three physicians had given me up. Fortunately, a friend advised trying Electric Bitters, and to my great joy and surprise the first bottle made a decided improvement. I continued its use for three weeks, and I am now a well man. I know they saved my life, and robbed the grave of another victim." No one should fail to try it. Only 50 cents, guaranteed, at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

TWINKLINGS.

— He: I always used to overestimate my abilities. She (consolingly): Well, never mind. Your friends never did.—*Tit Bits.*

— Does your wife ever call you pet names?" "Yes, indeed; she calls me plenty of 'em when she's in a pet."—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— "I promised my wife to bring home a deer." "Deer? There are no deer around here." "Oh, well, I'm just as likely to hit a deer as anything else."

— The Deacon—"Do you know what happens to boys who tell lies?" Small Youth—"Yes, sir; they gits off, sometimes, if they tells good ones'"—*Harlem Life*

— Charley Middletop—"Now, I say just what I think, don'tcher know?" Dolly Flashlight—"Is that why you are generally so silent?"—*Town Topics.*

— Anxious to Start: His Father—"You ought to be more economical." The Spendthrift—"I know; but just now, father, I haven't a cent to be economical with."—*Puck*

— "Did you succeed in getting a new girl at the intelligence office?" "Alas! yes; but by the time I got her home I discovered that she was a new woman."—*Philadelphia Bulletin.*

— Sarcasm: The Boston little boy was very angry. "Emerson," he cried, seizing his companion by the hair, "I've a mind to civilize you within an inch of your life."—*Detroit Journal.*

— His Presents Desired: Mr. de Trop (at the door)—"Is Miss Mabel at home?' Maid—"No, sir; but she says if that's a box of candy she saw in your hand ye might l'ave it."—*Philadelphia Press.*

— A Neighborhood Catastrophe—"Dicky, did Mrs. Dibbs ask you why we weren't coming over to spend the evening?" "Yes, ma; an' I told her y' had a nother invitation 'at y' liked better."—*Indianapolis Journal.*

— Mrs. Prior—"Miss Smarte, it's funny, but several persons have asked me how old you are." Miss Smarte—"If anybody asks you again, you can say I'm old enough not to tell."—*Boston Transcript*

— Catching His Mother: Little Clarence Callipers—"Mamma, what is the best thing for a boy to do when he wears his trousers out?" Mrs. Callipers—"Get a new pair; I suppose." Clarence—"No, mamma; wear them home again."—*Harlem Life.*

— A Good Start.—"Elalina, if we are going to elope, don't you think we would better be off before your father awakens and follows us? "Oh, no, Algernon; there's no great hurry. Pa said he'd be sure to give us a good two hours' start."—*Philadelphia Evening Bulletin.*

CURRENT COMMENT.

—— "The only way to keep the price of cotton at ten cents," says the Rome, Ga., *Tribune*, "is to sow plenty of wheat, so that you will be independent and can hold your cotton." It is well said.—*Charleston News and Courier, Dem.*

—— Count Boni's devoted and depleted father says: "We both feel that George Gould will administer the trust with harsh parsimony." The old gentleman's touching apparatus is also seriously jarred.—*Washington Post, Ind.*

—— It was hardly necessary for Governor Roosevelt to deny the story that he had expressed the intention of leading an army to Washington if Mr. Bryan should be elected. Even if the strenuous Rough Rider had made this threat, nobody would have been alarmed; for Roosevelt and his rioters would never have gotton to Washington. It is only when in possession of the reins of government that he would be dangerous.—*Norfolk Landmark, Dem.*

—— Rich coal veins have been discovered, but not yet uncovered, in Kiev, southwestern European Russia. Inasmuch as lignite has long been one of the mineral products of the province, it is a wonder that the coal has not been delved for long ago, seeing that lignite is a fuel product between peat and coal, and indicates the presence of coal. The discovery as announced will soon lower the price of coal throughout Europe, no doubt; but, our producers being protected by tariff against foreign competition, will continue to blackmail the people until a Democratic Congress smashes the Trust to pieces.—*Brooklyn Citizen, Dem.*

ALL A MYSTERY TO THE BLIND.

Persons Born Sightless Have No Accurate Conception of Sight.

"What a profound mystery invests all the operations of our senses!" said a college professor of this city. "I was talking the other day with a very intelligent blind man. He had been blind from birth, but had received an excellent education and was fully as well informed as the average person one meets in cultured circles. He spoke freely of his infirmity, and finally I asked him whether he had ever succeeded in forming a clear mental conception of the sense of sight. He replied frankly that he had not, and then he asked me several very curious questions.

"The idea of color, he said, was a great puzzle to him, and he had never been able to obtain the slightest clew to what was meant when one said, for instance, that one thing was red and another thing was blue. 'Your color impressions are absolutely stationary, are they not?' he asked. The question startled me. It was so strange. Now, what could possibly have been in his mind? One would infer that he associated color with some sort of movement, yet when I asked him to explain he couldn't do it. He soon lost himself in words, sighed and gave it up. He understood, as nearly as I could gather, that the sense of sight somehow furnished us with information as to the size, shape and general character of surrounding objects, but I am satisfied, from his questions, that he had formed no idea whatever of the picture that is presented to the brain. He was unable to understand how a whole scene could be taken in at once. He could distinguish B flat on a violin, he said, but suppose the whole surrounding country was full of violins, all playing different airs? That seemed to him a good analogy for the various things in a landscape. I soon realized that explanation on either side was hopeless. There was a barrier of the inexpressible between us.

"I went away with an immensely increased respect for the teachers at institutes for the blind and deaf and dumb. It is a marvelous thing that they ever succeed in breaking into those sealed brains and bringing children so terribly handicapped into touch with their fellow beings."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

Explained.

He—I have no appetite. There is a rumbling in my stomach like a cart on a cobblestone pavement.

She—Perhaps it's the truck you ate for luncheon.—What to Eat.

Some business men fail because they waste their time fooling over trifles that they could hire a boy to attend to for $2 a week.—Exchange.

DON'T FORGET

Don't forget to use Doctor Pierce's Favorite Prescription for that backache.

Don't forget that over half a million women have been cured of women's ailments by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription.

Don't forget that "Favorite Prescription" cures diseases of women in their advanced and chronic forms; cures often when all else has failed.

Don't forget that you can consult Dr. Pierce, by letter, *free*. Tell your story frankly. All correspondence is private. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

Don't forget to *write to Dr. Pierce to-day*, if you are sick from diseases which afflict women.

"*I wrote for advice* February 4, 1895," writes Mrs. Lena Halstead, of Claremore, Cherokee Nat., Ind. Ty. "I was racking with pain from the back of my head down to my heels. Had hemorrhage for weeks at a time, and was unable to sit for ten minutes at a time. You answered my letter, advised me to use your valuable medicines, viz.: Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, 'Golden Medical Discovery,' and 'Pleasant Pellets,' also gave advice about injections, baths and diet. To my surprise, in four months from the time I began your treatment I was a well woman and have not had the backache since, and now I put in sixteen hours a day hard work."

Paper-bound edition of Dr. Pierce's Medical Adviser *free* on receipt of 21 one-cent stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Address as above.

ONE OF SOTHERN'S PRANKS.

An Acrobat's Leap That Won Applause and a Discharge as Well.

The elder Sothern once was acting the hero in a romantic play which required his leaping from a window in a tall tower to the stage below, where he alighted on a mattress behind a wooden rock and immediately made off rapidly into a forest. One night he hurt his ankle and vowed he would leap no more. Accordingly, the next day his manager hired a professional circus performer to do the actual leap, while the actor should slip back under cover of part of the tower wall and descend by a safe but unromantic ladder to his dressing room.

The manager provided the circus man with a costume precisely like Sothern's and sent him to the theater to practice. The man made the jump and set up a loud complaint.

"What's the row?" inquired a young member of the company who happened to be at the playhouse.

"Why, look here," exclaimed the professional, "this 'ere drop is too easy. A man with a wooden leg and two glass eyes could do it. Now, if they'd let me turn two somersaults in the air as I came down I wouldn't make no fuss."

"Capital!" cried the actor. "Do it."

"You think the old cove wouldn't mind?" said the athlete doubtfully.

"Mind!" returned the young player. "Why, he'd be tickled to death and probably raise your salary as well."

That evening when the part of the performance was reached wherein the hero took leave of the heroine Sothern was gratified to see his substitute crouching in the shadow of the casement ready to leap.

"Love, good night—good night!" cried Sothern.

"Stay!" pleaded the heroine, clinging around his neck. "Stay! That leap is death!"

"Nay, nay, sweet, 'tis honor. I leap, 'tis true, but what in my heart doth bear me up? Thine image, love! Good night —good night!"

He kissed her frantically on the forehead, tore himself from her embrace and rushed across the open space into the shadow. "Jump!" he hissed between his teeth. Out into the air shot the circus man, whirled around twice like the flywheel of a steam engine and lit like a bird on the highest point of the rock. The applause came in thunders. The man bowed stiffly and walked off into the wings with his arms folded. The acrobat's salary, however, was not raised, and that was his last appearance at that theater.—London Telegraph.

Courtesy.

Courtesy is getting to be more and more a thing of the past. Not only does the majority neglect the thousand and one little politenesses, but sneers and snarls at those who still delight to give the small evidences of breeding that smooth the way of life.

It has come to pass that men are ashamed to take off their hats when talking with ladies or when in an elevator filled with women because they are laughed at and have the accusation "affectation" hurled at them. When a man or boy comes into your office nowadays, he seldom takes off his hat or removes the cigar or cigarette from his lips. You might go in a hundred drawing rooms tomorrow and not see a gentleman arise at the entrance of a lady into the room.

All these are little things, but infractions of the great law that holds society together. If a man becomes careless in the little things, his carelessness soon extends to larger and more important things.—Kansas City Independent.

Broken Windows.

The breaking of windows is due to many causes, one of the most familiar of which, for instance, is found in the accidental throwing of balls against them in play. But a glazier said he thought that perhaps the most common cause of broken windows would be found in the settling of houses, with the result not of smashing out, as would often happen if something were thrown against the glass, but of cracking it. This would, however, amount to the same thing, a broken window.—New York Sun.

When you are carving a turkey and ask a visitor if he prefers the light meat or the dark and he answers that he hasn't any preference, give him the neck. —Somerville Journal.

Trying to scale a precipice is but a game of bluff.—Chicago News.

A Thousand Tongues

Could not express the rapture of Annie E. Springer, of 1125 Howard street, Philadelphia, Pa., when she found that Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption had completely cured her of a hacking cough that for many years had made life a burden. All other remedies and doctors could give no help, but she says of this Royal Cure: "It soon removed the pain in my chest and I can now sleep soundly, something I can scarcely remember doing before. I feel like sounding its praises through out the Universe." So will every one who tries Dr. King's New Discovery for any trouble of the Throat, Chest or Lungs. Price 50 cents and $1.00. Trial bottles 10 cents at R. R. BELLAMY'S drug store. Every bottle guaranteed. †

While There is Life There is Hope.

I WAS afflicted with catarrh; could neither taste nor smell and could hear but little. Ely's Cream Balm cured it.—Marcus G. Shautz, Rahway, N. J. THE BALM reached me safely and the effect is surprising. My son says the first application gave decided relief. Respectfully, Mrs. Franklin Freeman, Dover, N. H.

The Balm does not irritate or cause sneezing. Sold by druggists at 50 cts., or mailed by Ely Brothers, 56 Warren St., New York. †

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Leather money was in circulation in Russia as recently as the time of Peter the Great.

PUZZLED ALL AROUND

AN AMUSING INCIDENT THAT EXCITED A SLEEPING CAR.

A Mystery That Was Started by a Bridal Couple, Heightened by an Unembarrassed Young Man and Unveiled by the Dusky Porter.

The bridal couple boarded the train at Suspension Bridge. He was a smooth faced, well set up young man, and she was a sweet, pretty girl of a bride. There was a large, very hilarious company of wedding guests to see them off, and as the pair struggled from their carriage to the sleeping car they were almost lost to view in showers of rice and flying old shoes. Even this demonstration was not considered adequate, and a dozen or so young men followed them to their seats and poured streams of rice over them and down their backs until the train pulled out, while the crowd on the platform howled joyfully.

The young couple stood the ordeal with great courage, and after the train had started did so well that before long the rest of the passengers in the car left off watching them and began turning in.

The next morning the interest in them grew again, when section after section of the car was made up until the bridal couple's section stood alone with its curtains still drawn. This was the state of things at 8 o'clock, and at 8:30 there had been no change. Nine and a quarter past came round, and still there was no sign of life from the bridal section. When shortly after half past 9 a slight, mysterious movement was apparent behind the curtains, almost a sigh of relief went up from the rest of the car.

The movement continued, increased, until suddenly, after an especially violent agitation of the curtains, they parted sufficiently to let a young man slip between them into the aisle. His hair was rumpled and his coat collar turned up, and he carried a traveling bag and various articles of wearing apparel to be donned in the washroom. As the young man hurried forward he seemed somewhat puzzled by the almost smiling interest of the rest of the car, but of embarrassment he showed not a trace.

When he had disappeared, the car settled itself to await the egress of the bride. But if she was about to make her appearance she showed no signs of it. Neither sound nor motion was discernible from the recesses behind the curtains. In a little while the young man came back showing the freshened effect of cold water and hairbrushes and moved the bottom of the curtains aside sufficiently to shove his bag under the berth. As he rose to his feet again the car saw that he was looking down reflectively at the cargo of rice which covered the floor. He continued to regard it for some time, fixedly. Then he raised his eyes and surveyed the car. There was a more or less unsuppressed smile on every face, but the young man still showed no embarrassment. His eyes traveled down one side and back the other, and they were filled only with a calm thoughtfulness. Then he arranged the folds of the heavy curtains with elaborate solicitude and finally went forward again and whispered something to the porter. The car, to a passenger, would probably have gladly paid double fare to have heard those half dozen whispered words. The pretty mystery was assuming proportions. But the porter only said, "Yes, suh." And then the young man went over and sat down gravely in an end seat from where he looked smack into the face of every soul in the car.

By this time it was no longer interest that moved the inmates of the car. It was palpitation of the heart. The air was crisp with expectation. It seemed certain that the bride must now make her appearance.

The next moment the porter came down the aisle toward the bridal section. He was a fat and very black porter. For an instant he paused before the silent curtains. Then a thrill of horror ran through the car, and several men got half way to their feet. With two swift movements he had pulled the curtains wide apart and was thumping and pulling at something within! Another instant and horror had given way to amazement, for the inside of the berth immediately became visible to all who cared to see. The porter was making up the section. The bride had vanished!

The car turned swiftly to the hapless bridegroom on the front seat. An expression of Arcadian simplicity rested on his countenance.

A few moments later the porter started toward his linen closet, but half way down the aisle he was held up by half a dozen male passengers with wonder stricken faces.

"What has become of the bride?" they demanded.

The porter scratched his head and looked at them uncomprehendingly. Then he showed his teeth in a grin.

"Oh, the bridal couple w'at got on at Suspension Bridge?" he said. "They done left the train late last night. They did'n' have their section made up. That gemman down in front of the car he had upper one, 'n' he kicked so I shifted him over soon as the bridal couple left."

The car turned again toward the young man on the front seat. The expression of Arcadian simplicity was still with him. But for the first time across his face there glimmered a faint, thoughtful smile.

The half dozen male passengers and the porter held a moment's consultation in the middle of the car. Then they came forward, and one of their number said something in a low voice to the young man on the front seat. The young man rose to his feet still smiling thoughtfully.

"I see," he said softly. "I don't care if I do."

As the crowd filed toward the buffet car some one in the rear of the procession began to whistle Mendelssohn's "Wedding March." Then the passengers in the seats began to laugh.—New York Sun.

Very Annoying.

"I despise a person who whistles," said Mr. Blykins. "We have one in our office, and he worries me almost to death."

"Haven't you an ear for music?"

"Of course I have. There's the difficulty. Whenever I happen to be whistling to myself, he invariably takes up the same tune and drowns me out."—Washington Star.

Taking It Out In Trade.

"I want you," said an old Georgia farmer to a teacher, "ter give Bill about $6 worth o' schoolin, pervided you'll take it out in trade. Fer instance, I'll start him on three bushels o' corn; then when that's out I'll keep him a-movin on a couple o' smokehouse hams; I'll give you a young heifer ter larn him writin an a home raised cow ter beat figgers in his head."

"Do you want him to learn any of the higher branches?"

"Well, after he climbs a leetle you might throw in 'bout a bushel or two o' them, ef you think fit, or, say, 'bout a quarter o' beef's worth."—Atlanta Constitution.

The Club He Needs.

"That boy of mine," said the portly personage with the large watch chain and seal, "writes me from college that he has just connected himself with another club, composed exclusively of gentlemen. I wish some club would connect itself once with his head just hard enough to hammer a little sense into it."—Chicago Tribune.

To Her Taste.

Mr. Wabash (at the musicale)—Are you fond of Chopin, Miss Olive?

Miss Olive (of St. Louis)—Yes, I just love to go shoppin, but I always steer clear of the bargain sales because of the horrid crowds.—Chicago News.

Spiteful.

"What a pretty way Lydia Peck has of dressing her hair. Something new, isn't it?"

"Yes. She has a bald spot coming over her left ear."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

One of the most remarkable things on the north Pacific coast is the large number of halibut in Alaskan waters. Small steamers catch cargoes in a few hours' time.

Four Points Of View

Not only from four points of view, but from all points of view

Abbey's Effervescent Salt

is found to be the "salt" of salts, and, used in time, the foundation of health. If you are suffering from that all too common complaint, Dyspepsia, with its attendant ills, Constipation, Headaches, Impure Blood, etc., use Abbey's Salt daily and it will bring you health. The 25c. size is the trial size. The 50c. size will cure an ordinary case of Dyspepsia or Constipation. The $1.00 size is the economical size for regular use.

The Salt of Salts — Used daily Gives Health — The Foundation of Health — 25¢ 50¢ $1 $100 Per Bottle

JAS. T. BURDICK, M.D., Brooklyn, N. Y., says: "I am free to say that I like the effect of the Salt so well that I prescribe it now altogether instead of citrate of magnesia, Seidlitz powders, etc. It is the best general saline laxative that I know of."

Sold by most druggists or sent by mail.

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Booklet free on request.

Wilmington, N. C. For sale by Robt. R. Bellamy, N. W. corner Front and Market streets.

COMMERCIAL.

WILMINGTON MARKET.

STAR OFFICE, November 25.

Holiday—No quotations.

FOREIGN MARKET

By Cable to the Morning Star.

LIVERPOOL, November 6, 4 P. M.—Cotton—Spot, fair demand, prices higher; American middling fair, 5 11-16d; good middling 5 11-32d; middling 5 1/4d; low middling 5 1-16d; good ordinary 4 13-16d; ordinary 4 9-16d. The sales of the day were 8,000 bales, of which 500 bales were for speculation and export and included 7,300 bales American. Receipts 64,000 bales, including 59,100 bales American.

Futures opened quiet and closed quiet; American middling (l. m. c.) November 5 8 64d seller; November and December 5 4-64@5 5 64d buyer; December and January 5 2-64@5 2 64d seller; January and February 5 1 64@4 2 64d seller; February and March 5d buyer; March and April 4 62 64@4 63 64d buyer; April and May 4 61 64@4 62 64d buyer; May and June 4 60-64@4 61 64dd value; June and July 4 59-64@4 60 64d seller; July and August 4 58-64d buyer; August and September 4 53-64d buyer.

MARINE.

ARRIVED.

Stmr Compton, Sanders, Calabash and Little River, S C, Stone, Rourk & Co

Stmr E A Hawes, Robeson, Cedar Creek, James Madden.

Clyde steamship Saginaw, Hale, New York, H G Smallbones.

Standard Oil Barge No 57, Baltimore, Standard Oil Co.

CLEARED.

Stmr E A Hawes, Robeson, Cedar Creek, James Madden.

Swed barque Jupiter, Jansson, London, Heide & Co.

EXPORTS.

FOREIGN.

LONDON—Swedish barque Jupiter—6,758 bbls rosin, valued at $8,763; 350 casks tar, valued at $812.50; cargo by Paterson, Downing & Co; vessel by Heide & Co.

NAVAL STORES MARKETS

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

SAVANNAH, Nov. 6.—Spirits turpentine firm at 40c; sales 1,032 casks; receipts 1,350 casks; exports 174 casks. Rosin firm; sales 2,642 barrels; receipts 5,102 barrels; exports 5,107 barrels. A, B, C, D, $1 35; E, $1 40; F, $1 45; G, $1 50; H, $1 55; I, $1 60; K, $1 65, M, $1 70; N, $2 10; W G, $2 50; W W, $2 85.

WHOLESALE PRICES CURRENT.

The quotations are always given as accurately as possible, but the STAR will not be responsible for any variations from the actual market price of the articles quoted

BAGGING—			
2 ℔ Jute	8½	@	8¾
Standard		@	8½
Burlaps	6	@	6¾
WESTERN SMOKED—			
Hams ℔ ℔	12	@	14
Sides ℔ ℔		@	8
Shoulders ℔ ℔		@	8½
DRY SALTED—			
Sides ℔ ℔	7½@		7¾
Shoulders ℔ ℔	7½@		7¾
BARRELS—Spirits Turpentine—			
Second-hand, each		@	1 45
Second-hand machine		@	1 50
New New York, each		@	1 45
New City, each		@	1 40
BRICKS—			
Wilmington ℔ M	6 75	@	7 00
Northern	9 00	@	14 00
BUTTER—			
North Carolina ℔ ℔	20	@	25
Northern	25	@	28
CORN MEAL—			
Per bushel, in sacks	55	@	56
Virginia Meal	55	@	56
COTTON TIES—℔ bundle		@	1 40
CANDLES—℔ ℔—			
Sperm	13	@	25
Adamantine	8	@	11
CHEESE—℔ ℔			
Northern Factory	12	@	13
Dairy Cream	13½@		14
State	11½@		12
COFFEE—℔ ℔—			
Laguyra	11	@	13½
Rio	9½@		10½
DOMESTICS—			
Sheeting, 4-4, ℔ yard		@	5¼
Yarns, ℔ bunch of 5 ℔s		@	70
FISH—			
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ barrel	23 00	@	30 00
Mackerel, No. 1, ℔ half-bbl	11 00	@	15 00
Mackerel, No. 2, ℔ barrel	18 00	@	18 00
Mackerel, No. 2 ℔ half-bbl	9 00	@	10 00
Mackerel, No. 3, ℔ barrel	13 00	@	14 00
Mullets, ℔ barrel	3 50	@	3 75
Mullets, ℔ pork barrel	7 00	@	7 50
N. C. Roe Herring, ℔ keg	2 00	@	3 25
Dry Cod, ℔ ℔	5	@	10
" Extra	4 35	@	4 50
FLOUR—℔ ℔—			
Low grade	3 00	@	3 25
Choice		@	3 75
Straight		@	3 85
First Patent	4 10	@	4 75
GLUE—℔ ℔	9	@	10
GRAIN—℔ bushel			
Corn, from store, bgs—White	57	@	58
Mixed Corn	56	@	57
Car-load, in bgs—White		@	55
Oats, from store	35	@	36
Oats, Rust Proof	38	@	40
Cow Peas		@	1 00
HIDES—℔ ℔—			
Green salted		@	5
Dry flint	7	@	8
Dry salt	6	@	7½
HAY ℔ 100 ℔s		@	90
No 1 Timothy	85	@	90
Rice Straw	40	@	50
Eastern	90	@	1 00
Western	90	@	1 00
North River		@	90
HOOP IRON, ℔ ℔	2¾@		3½
LARD, ℔ ℔—			
Northern	8	@	8¾
North Carolina	9	@	10
LIME, ℔ barrel	1 15	@	1 20
LUMBER (city sawed) ℔ M ft—			
Ship Stuff, resawed	18 00	@	30 00
Rough edge Plank	15 00	@	16 00
West India cargoes, according to quality	13 00	@	15 00
Dressed Flooring, seasoned	18 00	@	22 00
Scantling and Board, com

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The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

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A PAINFUL DREAM.

The One In Which You Imagine Yourself Partly Naked.

There is a painful class of dream which may be labeled the inadequately clothed dream. In this class of dream it occurs to us to come down from our bedrooms, to mingle in society, even sometimes to be presented at court or to take part in the highest and most solemn functions, in a costume that we should deem scarcely adequate if we had been just roused from our beds by a shout of "Fire!"

The degrees of this comparative nudity are very various, and it is remarkable that never, so far as I can learn, has human being (that is to say, in the temperate climates) ever in his dreams appeared before his fellows in an absolutely Arcadian or idyllic lack of costume, but the costume is commonly very inadequate, so inadequate that the police would very rightly interfere in the bare interests of decency.

Indeed, that fear—the apprehension of police interference for the sake of the public morals—is a factor in the general uneasiness that we feel in our dreams in finding ourselves going abroad in such deshabille. For we are conscious of a measure of uneasiness, we can feel that we did wrong in not putting on this or that absolutely indispensable portion of our wardrobe before we left our room, but it is as nothing to the utter shame and horror that would overwhelm us were we really to find ourselves in such conditions.

And in the same degree the shock that our appearance gives our unfortunate friends among whom we show ourselves in such guise is not a circumstance to the pain those sensitive souls would receive if our appearance were a reality instead of a subjective fancy. Yet we retain a sufficient sense of shame to be conscious of a very real relief when we wake to find that we have not behaved ourselves in such manner as to be the reprobation of every right minded man and woman.—Longman's Magazine.

Sugar as Food.

Starch forms a considerable portion of our diet in one form or another, and all starch has to be converted into sugar by the saliva and intestinal juices before it can be assimilated. The action of these ferments breaks it up into simpler chemical compounds, so that it finally reaches the blood and muscles as dextrose, a form of sugar which can be burned to yield heat and muscular energy. The change required in sugar for its assimilation is very slight compared with that required for the digestion of starch.

It will thus be seen that the process of manufacturing sugar from its vegetable containers results in a product that for digestive purposes is comparable to partially digested starch, so that it is evident the substitution of sugar for starch is of advantage to the digestive system, since it does not burden the digestive tract and less force is required for its digestion and assimilation. Unfortunately, however, nature will not tolerate man's attempt to present concentrated chemically separated pure foods all ready for assimilation, except in limited amounts, and this is true of sugar, as of peptones, partially digested meats and similar foods.

How He Cured Her.

A young doctor took his best girl to the theater. The curtain was late in rising, and the young lady complained of feeling faint.

The doctor smiled sweetly upon her, took something out of his vest pocket and whispered to her to keep "the tablet" in her mouth, but not to swallow it.

She shyly placed it on her tongue and rolled it over and over, but it would not dissolve. She felt better, however.

When the performance was over, she slipped the tablet in her glove, being curious to examine at home this tasteless, indissoluble little substance which had given her such relief.

When alone in her room, she pulled off her glove, and out came a mother of pearl shirt button.

THINGS IN STORAGE.

FORTUNES LOCKED UP IN FIREPROOF BUILDINGS.

The First Big Warehouse Fire In New York and Its Tragic Consequences—The Moving of Family Belongings Reduced to a Science.

"Fireproof storage buildings in New York are of comparatively modern origin," said the proprietor of a large storage warehouse to a New York Mail and Express reporter. "The first storage house in the city which I can recollect was erected in 1807 by John H. Morrell at the corner of Fourth avenue and Thirty-second street, adjoining the stables of the Fourth avenue railway line. When Morrell's business had reached a flourishing condition, an immense fire destroyed the car stables and Morrell's establishment, ruining him financially. Immediately the public set up a great howl against storage houses, and the men who had followed Morrell into the business suffered severely.

"One Mme. Desgarrens had stored several trunks in Morrell's establishment. She had come to America to claim a part of the estate of her granduncle, a rich planter of Louisiana. On the very day of Mme. Desgarrens' arrival in this country she received notification of the dangerous illness of another American relative who lived in Boston, and after leaving directions that her trunks should be stored at Morrell's she immediately set out for the Massachusetts capital.

"On her return to New York she sent an order to Morrell charging him to forward her trunks to her hotel. The answer came back that during her absence the storage house, with all its contents, had been destroyed by fire.

"Mme. Desgarrens was in her room when the note informing her of the loss was brought by a servant. She read it partly through and, suddenly uttering a shriek, fell to the floor senseless. On recovering consciousness she was found to be violently insane and died three weeks later in her room at the hotel.

"The very evening of her death workmen who were clearing away the ruins of Morrell's establishment discovered one of her trunks—a little, square, black leather one. It had become wedged in among a mass of bricks when the walls had fallen and, excepting that it was scorched, had suffered no injury.

"In this trunk were found all of the papers identifying her as the grandniece of the planter, and in a little box, tied with white satin ribbons, there nestled two golden curls, a tiny pair of baby shoes and a large gold ring. Wrapped about the ring was a slip of paper on which was written in French, 'All that is left of my darling child and husband, who were burned to death at sea, April 23, 1860.' I was with the man who found the trunk, and both of us shed tears as we looked over the things.

"But there need be no danger of such fires nowadays, when the first class storage houses are as nearly fireproof as buildings can be. People with up to date ideas recognize that their household effects are far safer in our hands than under their own eyes, as a properly conducted storage house does not know what theft, breakage and fire mean. It would be impossible to say what is the value of a storage house and its contents during the busy season, but when one knows that 12 trunks in one of our compartments are insured for $20,500 and that there are 299 other compartments in the building it is apparent that the contents represent a fortune."

It is not generally known, but a man in this city may at any time he has a mind to, without a moment's notice, send orders to a first class storage and packing concern to have the entire furnishings of his home moved from 203 Blank avenue, New York, to 46 Dash street, London, or any other place of consequence, for that matter, and he can walk off to the first transatlantic steamship, his wife on his arm, with the positive assurance that as soon as space and time will permit everything, from pins and needles to carpets and sideboards, will be transferred from New York to London without the loss of a tack or the breakage of a wineglass.

This is not conjecture, but fact. It has been done time and again. The larger storage warehouses, by means of their perfect organization of professional packers and movers, have reduced the business to a science.

When an order is received at the office, an inspector is immediately sent to make an estimate, who can tell by simply walking through a house how many vans will be necessary to remove the furnishings and how much to the penny will be charged for the storage. After the inspector follows the large vans, with trained packers and movers. The packers are divided into two classes—those who pack the wagons and those who prepare the contents of the house for the wagons. The latter class is subdivided again into those who handle delicate china and bric-a-brac and the packers of the heavy furniture and carpets. Special men, also, are kept whose exclusive duty is to take care of pianos and organs.

When the goods are in the wagons, they are moved to the storage house, where immense elevators, capable of taking vans without unloading, run from the basement to the top of the building. Rooms are set apart on each floor for the unpacking and examination of baggage.

After each article has been examined to make sure that it has not suffered in transit the goods are carefully stored away in the apartments allotted to them and the keys of the apartments placed in the office safe.

If a packer discovers an imperfection in any article he is handling, he immediately reports the fact to the inspector, who makes a memorandum of it on the spot. This is to prevent any misunderstanding with the owner in the future. When a packer or mover breaks anything accidentally, he must immediately report it. When he does this and shows the injury to have resulted from an accident, no deduction is made from his salary, but should he neglect to report the matter on the first occasion he is docked for the amount, and on the second occurrence of the kind he is discharged.

Curious Historical Document.

The charter in which the church was first granted tithes in England is a curious historical document. A literal translation follows: "I, Ethelwolfe, by the grace of God, King of the West Saxons with the advice of the Bishops, Earls and all persons of distinction in my dominions, have, for the health of my soul, the good of my people, and the prosperity of my kingdom, taken the honourable resolution of granting the tenth part of the lands throughout my whole kingdom to the Church and Ministers of religion, to be enjoyed by them, with all the privilege of a free tenure, and discharged from all the incumbrances incident to lay-fees. This grant has been made by us in honour of Jesus Christ, the Blessed Virgin, and all Saints, and out of regard to the Pascal solemnity, and that Almighty God might vouchsafe his blessings on us and on our posterity. Dated at Wilton, Ann. Dom. 854, at the Feast of Easter."

Geological Time.

An ingenious theory for the estimation of the time of the various geological periods has been propounded by an engineer whose work on western railroads takes him into primitive country. He says that in one great depression in Wyoming the trees have been recording the rate of erosion of the slopes for about 300 years so accurately that the data to be obtained by a careful study of them will be a factor of extreme importance in enabling scientists to convert geological time into years. While he has not yet had time to collect those data properly, he makes the rough deduction that, according to their records the pliocene and pleistocene periods would represent about 1,500,000 years, and that, on this basis, the cenizoic time would be about 4,000,000 years. This would mean that all geological time from the beginning of the Cambrian epoch would be 64,000,000 years.

FOLLOWED BY PICTURE EYES.

From the Wall the Gaze Seemed to Follow With Living Light.

"I saw a clever window lithograph the other day," said a New Orleans physician, "which represented a soldier with a knapsack on his back and a gun at his shoulder pointed straight ahead. Of course the weapon was so foreshortened that all you could see of it was the metallic circle of the muzzle, and it seemed to be aimed directly at the speaker. No matter in what direction you moved you were still apparently 'covered.' The same optical illusion was employed some time ago by a famous detective agency, which sent out large photographs of a highwayman holding a cocked revolver in his outstretched hand. The yawning muzzle followed one about the room in a way that was distinctly disquieting, and these two clever trick advertisements remind me of a curious case I once encountered in my practice.

"I was called in some years since to see a lady who was suffering from an obscure nervous trouble that for awhile completely baffled diagnosis. She had lost her husband a few months before, and, knowing the couple to have been deeply attached, I thought at first that brooding over her affliction had induced incipient melancholia. It was by no means a typical case of melancholia, however, and finally, after much questioning, she confessed to me that she was suffering from an extraordinary hallucination and was in mortal dread of becoming insane. She said she had recently had an artist paint a large oil portrait of her husband, and whenever she entered the parlor where it hung the eyes turned in their sockets and looked at her.

"I went down stairs at once to inspect the picture, and, just as I anticipated, I found that the painter had introduced the trick effect which I have described. No matter where I stood the gaze of the painted face seemed to be fastened directly upon me. Next day I called again and brought with me an artist friend, whom I left in the parlor while I went up stairs to see my patient. Presently I suggested that we go down and look at the painting together. She consented reluctantly, but as soon as she saw it she drew a deep breath of relief. It no longer stared fixedly at her. While he was left alone the artist had painted in two little spots of light that gave the eyes an entirely different direction."—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

A COSTLY TOOTHBRUSH.

And Yet She Bought It at a Great Bargain Sale.

"And so you really believe your shopping expeditions—I mean particularly your ones to the special sales—are in a strict line with economy?" he asked as he settled back in the chair and watched her.

"Of course," she answered, smoothing out the folds in her dress, "of course they are. Didn't I buy a 50 cent toothbrush yesterday for 39 cents?"

"You saved exactly 11 cents," he said after a pause. "But now let us look at this matter in all its lights. As I said, you saved 11 cents. But we will commence at the beginning. You push your way into the crowded store. You see the special sale counter and fight your way to it, make your purchases and are happy. Your hair is mussed, your skirt is torn in two or three places and entirely disarranged when you finally get your change and board the car. When you get home, you are cross to the baby and the servant, and you go to bed with a bad taste in your mouth. In the morning you are tired, aching and sore. Then you vent your spite on me, and all for 11 cents."

"But 11 cents saved is 11 cents earned," she exclaimed triumphantly.

"True," he said, "but what do you need with another toothbrush? I believe I have noticed several around the house."

She looked bewildered for a moment.

"I thought perhaps you would need it," she explained.

He laughed.

"Perhaps I will—some day. But just at the present time I am also well supplied."

His words were becoming cruel, and her lips were quivering. He knew it and approached her. Then she cried. Her head was on his shoulder.

"Don't mind me, dear," he said. "I'm a brute. Shop wherever you please. Buy all the toothbrushes you wish"—

But her subchoked voice interrupted.

"It isn't that," she sobbed, "but, oh, Jack, I just remembered that I left my pocketbook at the store!"

He smiled again.—Indianapolis Sun.

His Railroad Pass.

The following is the history of a railroad pass which, if true, is very good of its kind. When R. N. Rice, who was afterward president of the Michigan Central railroad, was the general manager of the New York Central, he received by mail an expired pass, across the back of which the holder had written in red ink:

Bless my stars! No more on the cars
As a deadhead I'll ride on the rail,
Unless Mr. Rice should take my advice
And send me a pass by the mail.

Without a moment's hesitation Mr. Rice turned the pass over and traced in red ink on its face the following:

The conductor will pass this bundle of gas
From July till the middle of Lent;
Like any other deadhead, without paying a red,
Let him ride to his heart's content.

The pass was never taken up and is today kept in the family of the holder.—Troy Times.

When Sorrow Comes.

All is well as long as the sun shines and the fair breath of heaven gently wafts us to our own purposes. But if you will try the excellency and feel the works of faith place the man in a persecution; let him ride in a storm; let his bones be broken with sorrow and his eyelids loosed with sickness; let his bread be dipped with tears and all his daughters of music be brought low; let us come to sit upon the margent of our grave, and let a tyrant lean hard upon our fortunes and dwell upon our wrong; let the storm arise and the keels toss till the cordage crack or that all our hopes bulge under us and descend into the hollowness of sad misfortunes.—Jeremy Taylor.

For Asthma use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

When You Send a Prescription

to my drug store, it has my personal attention; there is no one else to put it up but me.

JAMES D. NUTT, The Druggist.

sep 16 tf

Quina-Laroche

THE GREAT FRENCH TONIC

Grand National Prize of 16,600 Francs at Paris.

When overworked, the nerves become unstrung, and a weakened condition of the body is the result; then the energies are relaxed and attacks of Cold, La Grippe, Stomach Troubles, Typhoid and Malarial Fevers follow.

Quina-Laroche gives strength to the nerves and muscles, aids digestion, purifies and enriches the blood, and builds up the entire system.

Paris: 22 Rue Drouot.

New York: E. Fougera & Co., 30 N. William St.

nov 12 1y we

Grand Millinery Sale

The Big Racket Store has bought about 1,000 Fine New—

Hats at 1-2 price.

Beautiful Walking Hats at 50c apiece. Lady Smith Hats, all colors and shapes, at 69c. Fine Tam Shapes at 25 and 50c. Fine Velvet Hats at 45c each, worth $1.00. 5,000 rolls of Ribbon to sell at half price—40, 60 and 80c. All Silk Taffeta Ribbon at 10c per yard; No. 80, 5 inches wide, beautiful goods, special, worth 20c, now 10c. Satin Ribbon No. 1½, worth 25c a piece of 10 yards, now 18c. 1,000 fine new fancy Feathers, all in the new styles in fancy Pompons from 19c to $1.00 each. Fancy Breast, Gilt, Silver and Gold Trimmed, at 50, 75c, $1.00 and $1.25. A big drive in fancy Breasts at 25c each. Wings, all colors, at 5c a pair.

Black and colored Ostrich Plumes and Tips at Less than Wholesale Cost.

I have just bought some very fine goods in this line from drummers' samples, which I will sell at wholesale cost. All the large French imported Plumes from $1.00 to $5.00 each, black only. Large colored Tips from 25 to 50c and $1.00 per bunch. A special big drive Mourning Veils, Mourning Crape. An all Silk Crape at 50c. All wool and silk Nuns Veiling from $1.00 to $2.25 per yard; good quality at 50c per yard. A big lot of fine sample Baby Caps, all silk, from 25c to $1.00—at less than wholesale cost. Our Millinery stock is the largest in the South. We have men travelling selling our goods at wholesale, and fourteen Young Ladies selling at retail and wholesale in the store. We trim all Hats free of charge if you buy the Hat and material from us. We guarantee all Hats we sell to suit or money refunded. We have a big display of fine new Buckles, Ornaments, Crowns for the fine trade. We are having a big trade and want more. We have made the grandest show ever been made in this line. We ask that you come, send or write to us for your goods. We make every Hat or Cap satisfactory or refund the money.

I have just received a large stock of Ladies' Cloaks, Capes and Jackets, Furs and Collarettes. I will give you a beautiful Ladies' Cloak for $5.00, a good one for $1.75, 2.75 and 4.00 up to $10.00. CAPES.—I have them by the thousand at 25c up to $5.00 each. Our $1.00, $1.50 and $2.00 lines are beauties. Nice Seal Plush Capes at $2.00 up to $5.00. A good small all wool Cloth Cape, jet and ribbon trimmed, for 50c; Fur trimmed at 25c. About one hundred job Cloaks at all prices, from 50c to $2.00. Some of these Cloaks sold for $15.00; now, just think of it, $2.00. Just giving them away.

Presents to be given away FREE.

For a $5.00 purchase I will give a set of glass goblets or tumblers. For $10.00 purchase I will give a set of desert dishes and a large cut glass punch bowl. For $15.00 purchase I will give a set of white imported china cups, saucers and plates. For $20.00 purchase I will give a nice small rocking chair. For $25.00 purchase I will give a fine large oak rocker. For a $60.00 purchase I give free a nice fine lounge worth $5.00, or a nice oak writing desk cheap at $5.00. For three cards $25.00 each, which will make $75.00, I will give a $5.00 baby carriage, nice and new.

I have all these presents in my store now and can deliver them at any time. I have the largest and cheapest stock of goods ever sold in this county. I want everybody's trade, and I will make the price low in every line. At the

BIG RACKET STORE.

GEO. O. GAYLORD,

PROPRIETOR.

208 and 210 North Front street, just north of the postoffice. nov 4 tf

EVENING SLIPPERS.

SOLOMON'S SHOE STORE.

We close at seven except Saturdays.

nov 4 tf

The Good Housekeepers will have the

Buck

Porcelain Lined Oven Cook Stoves,

and no use to talk any others to them. You just can't argue a good, sensible woman against them.

Our Hammer Brand Paint is the best

that can be made and twenty-five to fifty cents per gallon cheaper than any other on the market.

WM. E. SPRINGER & CO., Purcell Building, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 21 tf

SEASONABLE GOODS

MULLETS, new catch.
Best Cream Cheese,
Martin's Gilt Edge Butter,
Bagging and Ties.
SALT.

A GENERAL LINE OF CASE GOODS IN DEMAND AT THIS SEASON.

Sole agents for

ROB ROY FLOUR.

McNAIR & PEARSALL.

sep

50 Boxes N. Y. State Evaporated Apples.

100 Bags Coffee.
50 Barrels New Rice.
100 Barrels Mullets.
300 Packages all grades Tobacco.
500 Pails Candy, &c., &c.

Send your Orders to

SAMUEL BEAR, Sr.

18 Market street, Wilmington, N. C.

oct 17 tf

MY "OPENING."

In answer to many inquiries, I beg leave to say, that day after day I am busy opening the

Finest Furniture

ever brought to this city, and distributing it among

Satisfied Customers,

hence I have no time for any other kind of "Opening."

N. F. PARKER.

Furniture and Furniture Novelties,

111 Market street,

Bell 'Phone 613; Inter-State 421. oct 28 tf

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 30th, 1900.

The Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company will be held at the office of the company in Richmond, Virginia, on Monday, the 19th day of November, A. D., 1900, at 12 o'clock M.

oct 30 td JAMES, F. POST, Secretary.

Office of the Secretary and Treasurer of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Co.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Oct. 30th, 1900.

The Board of Directors of the Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company have declared a dividend of two and one-half per cent. on the preferred stock of that company, dividend due and payable to stockholders of record as of October 31st, at the office of the Treasurer on and after November 15th, 1900. The transfer books will stand closed from October 31st to November 10th, 1900, inclusive.

oct 30 td JAMES F. POST, Treasurer.

THE GROCERY TRADE

Will find our stocks and prices interesting. Correspondence solicited.

TRUCKERS.

We have Fine Ground Fish Scrap and High Grade Guanos for Lettuce Beds and all crops. See us before buying.

HALL & PEARSALL,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

au 23 tf Nutt and Mulberry streets.

University of North Carolina.

The Head of the State's Educational System.

Three academic courses leading to Degrees Professional courses in Law, Medicine and Pharmacy.
Summer School for Teachers.

Tuition $60. Scholarships and Loans to Needy. Free Tuition to Candidates for Ministry Minister's Sons and Teachers.

512 students besides 161 in Summer School 38 teachers in faculty.

For catalogues and information address

F. P. VENABLE, President, Chapel Hill, N. C.

jy 3 1w

East Carolina Real Estate Agency.

R. G. Grady & Co., Burgaw, N. C

All classes of desirable Real Estate (city and country) bought and sold on Commission. Special attention to Farms and Timbered Lands.

We now offer the following valuable property:

Standing Timber

For sale, the timber on a tract of land near Bannermann's Bridge, North East river, on tide water. Over One Million feet of fine Cypress timber on this land.

Timbered Lands.

Two Hundred and Twenty-six acres on Roan's Island on Cape Fear river. Some valuable Cypress and Gum timber.

Eighty Acres Near Burgaw.

One 80-acre tract of Land within half mile of Burgaw. None cleared, but easily put in state of cultivation.

Valuable Farm near Greenville, N. C.

A Farm of 250 acres four miles from Greenville, one mile from House station on the Atlantic Coast Line. One hundred and eighty-five acres cleared and in fine state of cultivation. One nice two-story dwelling with six rooms. One cook room and kitchen. One office. One set two-story stables with eight stalls. Two barns. Two tobacco barns. One 16-horse power engine, gin house, gin, press, etc. All necessary machinery attached. All kinds of farming implements, including wagons, carts, tools, etc. Also, four mules and one horse. Will sell all together or the land separate.

Farm of 143 Acres

in Long Creek village, Pender county—35 acres cleared, balance well timbered. Four acres in strawberries, 3 acres in apple trees. Fine grape vine. Large two-story house. One good New store House. All necessary out houses. Two tenant houses. Two miles from Montague, a station on Atlantic and Yadkin Railroad; sixteen miles from Wilmington. Fertile land, in a high state of cultivation. A bargain for somebody.

2,000 Acres of Land

in New Hanover county on navigable stream; borders tide water. Three clearings on place—one of 25 acres with house and outbuildings on same; two of 20 acres each; balance well timbered. Twelve miles from Wilmington. Four miles from Castle Hayne, a station on the W. & W. R. R. The nearest point of the land to the Newbern railroad is two miles.

House in Kenansville.

One valuable six-room house in Kenansville, Duplin county, N. C., just completed. Known as "Birchwood Cottage," with nice office on lot; also, garden and outbuildings. Located in a desirable part of the town. Kenansville is a pleasant town to live in—famed for its pure spring water and healthy locality. James Sprunt Institute, one of the best schools in the State, is located there.

Fifty Acres of Land

One-half mile from South Washington, on the W. & W. R. R., in Pender county. Borders on county roads. Very valuable for trucking.

Property in Burgaw.

Four good Building Lots in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-half acre each.

One neat three-room House in town of Burgaw, on lot consisting of one and one-half acres. All set out in strawberries except garden and yard.

A desirable building lot in the town of Burgaw, consisting of one-fourth of an acre, front ing railroad, and it is a corner lot.

Farm at Burgaw.

A desirable farm at Burgaw. The residence and about one-third of the farm within the corporate limits of the town. About twenty acres cleared; six acres in strawberries; one acre in fruit trees and grape vines. All necessary outbuildings. A nice desirable six-room residence. Farm contains 100 acres.

Tobacco and Truck Farm

Containing 265 acres, four miles from Magnolia, N. C., in the great truck belt. About seventy acres cleared; thirty acres of black branch land well timbered with curly yellow pine. Fine meadow land and best range for hogs, sheep and cattle. Five-room dwelling, with barn, stables and other out-houses. Nearly a half-acre in prolific grape vines. Lot of apple and plum trees. Beautiful oak and hickory grove surrounds dwelling. Good water. Admirably adapted to tobacco culture, and now has eight acres in cultivation. Also, two tobacco barns. Fences and ditches in good condition.

A Nice Farm.

A desirable farm of one hundred and fifty acres. Fifty acres is within the corporate limits of the town of Burgaw, N. C. Twenty two acres cleared. There is one nice, new three-room cottage, painted and plastered. Large stables and barns. A tenant's house, and strawberry packing house. A well of very fine drinking water. A nice orchard of 500 young fruit trees, consisting of Japan plums, peaches, pears, apples and figs.

A Real Bargain.

A desirable farm of 272 acres, three miles east of Rose Hill. Fifty acres cleared and in good state of cultivation, balance well timbered. Four-room house on premises. In good neighborhood. Will exchange for desirable house and lot in Wilmington.

Farm Near Ashton.

One hundred and fifty acres two miles from Ashton, four miles from Burgaw. Four acres cleared, most of which is very fertile low land. Balance well timbered for farming purposes. No tenant houses.

For terms, &c., address,

R. G. GRADY & CO., Burgaw, N. C.

1o 7

FLORIDA WEST INDIA SHORT LINE

VESTIBULED LIMITED TRAINS

DOUBLE DAILY SERVICE

Between New York, Tampa, Atlanta, New Orleans & Points South & West.

Schedule in Effect June 3rd, 1900.

TRAIN 41 Leaves Wilmington at 3:06 P. M., arrives Lumberton 5:14 P. M., Pembroke 5:35 P. M., Maxton 6:06 P. M., Hamlet 7:05 P. M., Wadesboro 8:20 P. M., Monroe 9:20 P. M., Charlotte 10:20 P. M., Athens, Ga., 3:43 A. M., Atlanta 6:55 A. M.

Close connection at Atlanta for Montgomery, Mobile, New Orleans and all points in Texas, Mexico and California; also for Chattanooga, Nashville, Louisville, St. Louis, Cincinnati, Chicago, and Western and Northwestern points. Connects at Hamlet with train No. 37 for Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and other Florida points; also with train 44 for Raleigh, Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore and New York. Other trains leave Hamlet as follows: Train No. 81 (Florida Limited) for Columbia and points South at 5:50 A. M. Train No. 403 for Monroe, Charlotte, Lincolnton, Shelby and Rutherfordton, Athens, Atlanta and all points southwest at 6:50 A. M. Train No. 38 for Raleigh, Norfolk and points North at 9:05 A. M. Train No. 66 for Raleigh, Richmond and points North at 9:20 A. M.

Through Pullman sleepers from Hamlet to all points North, South and Southwest.

TRAIN 38 Leaves Hamlet at 3:20 A. M., arrives Maxton 9:05 A. M., Pembroke 9:31 A. M., Lumberton 9:53 A. M., Wilmington 12:05 noon. This train takes passengers at Hamlet from train No. 81 (Florida Limited) leaving Richmond at 10:40 P. M. and arriving at Hamlet at 6:45 A. M.; from train No. 403 leaving Norfolk at 9:30 P. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:10 A. M.; from train No. 38 leaving Atlanta at 9:00 P. M. and Charlotte at 5:45 A. M., arriving at Hamlet at 7:45 A. M.

Other trains arrive at Hamlet as follows: Train 403 from Atlanta, Rutherfordton, Shelby, Lincolnton, Charlotte and Monroe at 9:00 P. M.; train No. 41 from Portsmouth at 7:10 P. M.; train No. 37 from Richmond and points North at 10:37 P. M.; train No. 44 from Columbia and points South at 8:55 P. M., and train No. 66 from Columbia and points South at 9:00 A. M.

For tickets, sleepers, etc., apply to Thos. D. Meares, General Agent, Wilmington, N.C.

E. ST. JOHN, Vice President and General Manager.
H. W. B. GLOVER, Traffic Mang't.
V. E. McBEE, Gen'l Superintendent.
L. S. ALLEN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.
General Offices Portsmouth Va. je 7 tf

Truckers' Paradise

At Chadbourn, N. C.

The undersigned offers for sale parcels of land, from Town Lots to Farms, from three to twenty-six hundred acres. SIZES AND PRICES TO SUIT any and everybody. If you want to Truck come to Chadbourn, where we have the

Best of every kind of soil.

78 acres land two miles from Chadbourn. 30 acres cleared; new house; good well; barns; berry sheds; 5 acres strawberries; clay sub-soil. Price $1,200.00.

If interested at this station, call on or address

E. A. PERRY, Chadbourn, N. C.

my 18 tf

DR. PIERCE'S GOLDEN MEDICAL DISCOVERY FOR THE BLOOD LIVER LUNGS.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Schedule In Effect July 22, 1900.

DEPARTURE FROM WILMINGTON—NORTH BOUND.

DAILY 9.35 A. M. — No. 48—Passenger—Due Magnolia 11.10 A. M., Warsaw 11.24 A. M., Goldsboro 12.21 P. M., Wilson 1.18 P. M., Rocky Mount 1.48 P. M., Tarboro 2.31 P. M. Weldon 4.32 P. M., Petersburg 6.08 P. M., Richmond 7.35 P. M., Norfolk 5.5 P. M., Washington 11.20 P. M., Baltimore 1.08 A. M., Philadelphia 3.50 A. M., New York 6.53 A. M., †Boston 2.00 P. M.

DAILY 7.00 P. M. — No. 40—Passenger—Due Magnolia 8.30 P. M., Warsaw 8.43 P. M., Goldsboro 9.37 P. M., Wilson 10.30 P. M., †Tarboro 6.46 A. M., Rocky Mount 11.15 P. M. Weldon 1.00 A. M., †Norfolk 10.35 A. M. Petersburg 2.37 A. M., Richmond 3.35 A. M., Washington 7.01 A. M., Baltimore 8.20 A. M., Philadelphia 10.35 A. M. New York 1.03 P. M., Boston 9.00 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 2.35 P. M — No. 50—Passenger—Due Jacksonville 4.13 P. M., Newbern 5.40 P. M.

SOUTH BOUND.

DAILY 3.45 P. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Lake Waccamaw 4.44 P. M., Chadbourn 5.25 P. M., Marion 6.39 P. M., Florence 7.10 P. M. Sumter 8.57 P. M., Columbia 10.30 P. M. Denmark 5.55 A. M., Augusta 7.55 A. M., Macon 11.15 A. M., Atlanta 12.23 P. M., Charleston 10.55 P. M., Savannah 1.30 A. M., Jacksonville 7.30 A. M., St. Augustine 10.30 A. M., Tampa 10.00 P. M.

WEST BOUND.

DAILY 9.00 A. M. — No. 53—Passenger—Due Fayetteville 12.05 P.M., leaves Fayetteville 12.20 P. M., arrives Sanford 1.43 P. M.

ARRIVALS AT WILMINGTON—FROM THE NORTH.

DAILY 6.00 P. M. — No. 49—Passenger—Leave Boston †1.00 P. M., New York *9.30 P. M., Philadelphia 12.20 A. M., Baltimore 2.55 A. M., Washington 4.30 A. M., Richmond 9.05 A. M., Petersburg 9.48 A. M., Norfolk 9.00 A. M., Weldon 11.50 A. M., Tarboro 12.21 P. M. Rocky Mount 12.55 P. M., Wilson 2.40 P. M., Goldsboro 3.30 P. M., Warsaw 4.22 P. M., Magnolia 4.35 P. M.

DAILY except Sunday 9.20 A. M — No. 41—Passenger—Leave Boston 12 night, New York 9.00 A. M., Philadelphia 11.33 A. M., Baltimore 1.46 P. M. Washington 3.07 P. M., Richmond 6.50 P. M., Petersburg 7.33 P. M., †Norfolk 2.20 P. M., Weldon 9.05 P. M., †Tarboro 6.00 P. M., Rocky Mount 5.35 A. M. Leave Wilson 5.57 A. M., Goldsboro 6.45 A. M., Warsaw 7.38 A. M., Magnolia 7.51 A. M.

DAILY except Sunday 12.15 P. M. — No. 51—Passenger—Leave Newbern 9.00 A. M., Jacksonville 10.25 A. M.

FROM THE SOUTH.

DAILY 1.20 P. M — No. 54—Passenger—Leave Tampa 7.0 A. M., Sanford 12.05 P. M., Jacksonville 8.30 P. M., Savannah 2.10 A. M., Charleston 6.45 A. M., Atlanta 7.50 A. M. Macon 9.00 A. M., Augusta 2.30 P. M., Denmark 4.24 P. M. Columbia 6.40 A. M., Sumter 8.05 P. M., Florence 9.50 A. M., Marion 10.39 A. M., Chadbourn 11.41 A. M., Lake Waccamaw 12.08 A. M.

EAST BOUND.

DAILY 6.40 A. M. — No. 52—Passenger—Leave Sanford 2.30 P. M., arrive Fayetteville 3.41 P. M leave Fayetteville 3.46 P. M.

†Daily except Sunday. *Sunday only.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leaves Bennettsville 8.05 A. M. Maxton 9.10 A. M., Red Springs 9.45 A. M., Hope Mills 10.32 A. M., arrive Fayetteville 10.52 A. M. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4.40 P. M., Hope Mills 4.58 P. M., Red Springs 5.35 P. M., Maxton 6.15 P. M., arr

The Morning Star.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, Nov. 7.

THE WHOLE STORY IS BRIEFLY TOLD.

Republican Ticket Will Have a Larger Vote Than It Had Four Years Ago. The House Republican.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 6.—Mid night—It became evident at a very early hour this evening that the election of McKinley and Roosevelt was assured. At half-past eight o'clock returns from nearly two-thirds of the election districts of Greater New York had been received, indicating beyond question that Bryan and Stevenson could not expect more than 25,000 or 40,000 plurality in this Democratic stronghold, and unless there was a landslide in the outside counties beyond all reasonable expectations, the pivotal State of New York had declared in unmistakable terms, although by a greatly reduced majority, for the Republican candidates. As the night progressed it only served to confirm this judgment.

The returns from Illinois betrayed a like condition. The Republican plurality of 1896 was greatly reduced, but it was still far too large to be overcome.

On the other hand the returns from Indiana, Michigan, the two Dakotas, Utah and Wyoming, as well as Nebraska, seemed to indicate strong Republican gains over 1896.

Delaware, Maryland, and West Virginia had given decisive Republican pluralities.

The count in several of the far Western States was naturally so delayed as to give little indication of the outcome there, but they had ceased to have a determining effect and before ten o'clock the Democratic leaders had given up the contest, and it was announced that Mr. Bryan had gone to bed and was sound asleep.

The whole story was easily and briefly told. The Republican ticket would have a larger electoral vote than four years ago but in the larger States of the East and middle West the pluralities had been greatly reduced. Massachusetts had fallen from 174,000 to 50,000; New York from 268,000 to 150,000, and Illinois from 142,000 to 100,000 or less.

The roll call of State at this hour is apparently as follows: McKinley—Connecticut six; Delaware, three; Illinois, twenty-four; Indiana, fifteen; Iowa, thirteen; Maine, six; Maryland, eight; Massachusetts, fifteen; Michigan, fourteen; Minnesota, nine; New Hampshire, four; New Jersey, ten; New York, thirty-six; North Dakota, three; Ohio, twenty-three; Pennsylvania, thirty-two; Rhode Island, four; Vermont, four; West Virginia, six; Wisconsin, twelve; California, nine; Wyoming, three. Total—259.

Unreported—Idaho, three; Kansas, ten, Kentucky, thirteen; Nebraska, eight; Nevada, three; Oregon, four; South Dakota, four. Total—49.

Bryan—Alabama, eleven; Arkansas, eight; Colorado, four; Florida, four; Georgia, thirteen; Louisiana, eight; Mississippi, nine; Missouri, seventeen; Montana, three; North Carolina, eleven; South Carolina, nine; Tennessee, twelve; Texas, fifteen; Utah, three; Virginia, twelve. Total, 139.

If all of the unreported States should turn out Democratic, a highly improbable contingency, it would not change the result.

The latest returns from Nebraska indicate a Republican plurality.

The Fifty-seventh Congress seems to be Republican by a substantial working majority. The Gubernatorial tickets have apparently followed the national, and Odell is elected in New York and Yates in Illinois.

DEMOCRATIC HEADQUARTERS

Chairman Jones Will Concede Nothing, But Belief Prevails That the Battle is Lost.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CHICAGO, November 6.—The belief prevails at the Democratic National headquarters that the battle is lost and that McKinley has been re-elected by a larger plurality than he received four years ago.

Senator Jones, near whom was seated ex Governor Altgeld, of Illinois, and ex-Governor Hogg, of Texas, was busy reading bulletins from various States and commenting upon the figures. As he read a bulletin, he said:

"This shows a heavy falling off for Bryan," or "a heavy falling off for McKinley," but when asked to express his opinion as to the result, he said: "I do not know yet. The returns are too meagre to make a prediction."

"We are going to win yet," said ex-Governor Hogg. "These figures are doctored and are the work of Wall street gamblers. They do not represent the will of the people."

"I do not know how the result will look," said ex-Governor Altgeld. "The returns are not sufficiently complete to make an estimate."

While conversing with the two ex-Governors, Senator Jones was shown a telegram from New York stating that W. J. Stone had conceded that State by over 100,000. His only comment was: "Well, that may be right, but I am not going to concede anything now."

The returns received at the headquarters from Nebraska were not very encouraging, and by midnight the crowd at the headquarters had thinned out so that there were less than 100 people in the room.

Private advices from Opelika, Alabama, state that Governor-elect Sanford is very ill. Little hopes of his recovery are expressed.

For Croup use CHENEY'S EXPECTORANT.

The population of the State of Wyoming, as officially announced by the census bureau, is 92,531, as compared with 65,705 in 1890. This is an increase of 31,826, or 52.4 per cent.

AN IMPORTANT DIFFERENCE.

To make it apparent to thousands, who think themselves ill, that they are not afflicted with any disease, but that the system simply needs cleansing, is to bring comfort home to their hearts, as a costive condition is easily cured by using Syrup of Figs. Manufactured by the California Fig Syrup Co. only, and sold by all druggists.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

RESULT OF THE GENERAL ELECTION

Mr. McKinley Re-elected President by An Increased Majority.

ELECTION OF CONGRESSMEN.

Republicans Will Have a Good Working Majority in the House of Representatives—The South Still Solid for Democracy.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—Ex Governor Stone, vice chairman of the Democratic national committee, at 10.30 P. M. gave out a statement in which he said: "At this hour the returns indicate that the Republicans have carried New York State by something like a hundred thousand. The information from other States is so meagre that I am unable to give a satisfactory opinion as to the results."

The headquarters in the East of the Democratic national committee, were filled with long distance telephones and telegraph instruments to-night. A special telephone connected with the Democratic State committee in the St. James building, a mile away, where John A. Mason, secretary of the State committee's several clerks, received returns from up the State, from Executive Chairman James K. McGuire, in Syracuse. C. C. Hughes, of the Anti-imperialist League; Ex-Governor Stone, vice chairman of the Democratic national committee, and others were present.

Governor Stone read with much gusto a dispatch from Augusta, Me., giving a Democratic gain of fifty per cent. He also read a Connecticut dispatch saying Republicans were cutting the Republican candidate for Governor.

Later, Governor Stone appeared to be discouraged, but said: "We have not all the returns in yet, and you cannot tell by early returns." Then he got a number of dispatches which he frowned at and folded up and put in his desk.

Norman E. Mack telegraphed from Buffalo that the city would give McKinley 3,000 as against 12,000 in 1896. As the returns began to show an increase for Bryan in the city there was much elation, but this was dampened by a Chicago dispatch indicating over 4,000 majority for McKinley.

When bulletin after bulletin, showing Republican gains, began to come in ex-Governor Stone left the room. As he was going out some one asked: "What do you think of it?"

"This is no time for thinking," was the answer. "I don't think."

At 11 o'clock the indications are that President McKinley has carried New York State by a majority over Bryan of about 150,000, compared with a Republican majority in the last presidential of 268,469. The total vote in the city of New York is approximately 50,000 larger than it was in 1896 and up the State the increase is about 30,000. In the city Bryan wiped out the plurality of 60,000 which McKinley had four years ago, and took on a plurality of about 25,000. Up the State McKinley barely held the vote which he had in 1896, the added vote going to Bryan. The vote for B. B. Odell, Jr., Republican nominee for Governor, is considerably larger than that for McKinley. In Brooklyn, particularly, the Democratic nominee for Governor, Mr. Stanchfield, appears to have been scratched.

The election passed off quietly both in the city and State. There were no more than the usual number of arrests of men for attempting illegal voting at city precincts and where the accussed made it clear that they were innocent they were permitted to return to the polling places and vote without further molestation.

Ex-Governor Stone at midnight made the followind announcement:

"I give up. The returns telegraphed these headquarters from New York, New Jersey and Connecticut show that these States have gone Republican. Returns from Maryland and West Virginia are incomplete. My information from the Middle and Western States is so indefinite that I cannot form an opinion as to the result. I do not know the facts. I will wait before I say finally what I think is the result."

Mr. Stone then closed the Democratic national headquarters or the night.

MINNESOTA.

ST. PAUL'S, MINN., Nov. 6.—Eleven precincts in Minnesota, outside the cities, given McKinley, 750; Bryan, 485. If these figures continue throughout the 2,400 precincts in the State, McKinley's majority would exceed 87,000.

VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, Nov. 6.—State safe for Bryan by a good majority. Lamb, Democrat, in the fourth district, is elected.

NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, Nov. 6.—At 8 o'clock National Committeeman Manley estimates from the returns received at that hour that McKinley will carry New York State by 110,000 majority. He concedes New York to Croker by 15,000. He claims that all the States that went for McKinley in 1896 have been carried for him again, but some of them by reduced majorities.

TEXAS.

HOUSTON, November 6.—The Democratic State ticket, headed by Joseph D. Sayers for Governor, is elected by a majority in excess of one hundred thousand. The Legislature is almost solidly Democratic. It will elect Joseph W. Bailey, United States Senator to succeed Horace Chilton.

It is estimated that the majority for electors will not fall short of 175,000 may go above that figure.

NORTH CAROLINA.

RALEIGH, November 6.—The election in North Carolina was very quiet. Returns indicate that Bryan's majority will not be less than 30,000. Seven Democratic Congressmen are elected, with two in doubt; the Eighth and Ninth districts. It is almost certain that the Republicans have carried the Ninth.

Democratic State Chairman Simmons is elected United States Senator to succeed Butler (Populist) by 40,000 over his opponent, General Julian S. Carr.

NEVADA.

RENO, November 6.—The election passed off quietly throughout Nevada. Present indications point to a Bryan majority of between 500 and 1,000 and the election of Newlands, Democrat, for Congress, by about 800.

ALABAMA.

MONTGOMERY, November 6.—Congress: First district, George W. Taylor, Democrat, elected. Second district, A. A. Wiley, Democrat, elected. Third district, H. D. Clayton, Democrat, elected. Fourth district, S. J. Bowie, Democrat, elected. Sixth district, J. H. Bankhead, Democrat, elected. Eighth district, W. H. Richardson, Democrat, elected. Ninth district, D. W. Underwood, Democrat, elected.

ILLINOIS.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—At 9 P. M. Chairman Rowe, of the Republican State Central Committee, claimed that Illinois had been carried by McKinley by at least 100,000.

Ex-Congressman Hinrichsen, who was at Democratic State headquarters, conceded the State to McKinley by not more than 40,000, but claimed that advices showed that Alschuler, Democratic candidate for Governor, was elected by about 10,000.

CHICAGO, Nov. 6.—Returns from 254 of the 356 Congressional districts show that the Republicans have elected 129, the Democrats 124 and the Fusionists one. The Repulicans have gained ten districts and the Democrats five, making the net gain of the former five.

1.30 A. M.—complete returns from fifteen counties in the State and partial returns from the others, including the full vote of Chicago, in Cook county, indicate a plurality for William McKinley that will probably exceed 90,000. Chairman Watson of the Democratic State Central Committee, at that hour conceded the State to McKinley by fifty thousand. Returns also indicate the election of the full Republican State ticket, but by majorities considerably under the presidential figures.

KANSAS.

KANSAS CITY, November 6.—J. K. McK. Love, chairman of the Democratic State Committee, made the following statement at midnight:

"I fear that Kansas has gone Republican and that McKinley and Stanley, for Governor, will carry the State by small majorities."

GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, Nov. 6.—The *Constitution* estimates Bryan's majority in Georgia at 40,000. One or two counties went for McKinley.

All the Democratic nominees for Congress in Georgia are elected.

LOUISIANA.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 6.—The polls closed in this city at 7 P. M. The election passed off quietly. Bryan's majority in the city will be about 12,000 and in the State 30,000. All the Democratic nominees for Congress in Louisiana are elected.

SOUTH DAKOTA.

SIOUX FALLS, November 6.—Reports thus far received from this part of the State show heavy Republican gains, but reports from other sections are yet too meagre to show if gains will be maintained through the State. The city of Sioux Falls, complete returns, for President, give McKinley a majority of 493 over Bryan—Republican gain of 414 over 1896.

SIOUX FALLS, Nov. 6.—McKinley, in twenty one out of forty two precincts in this (Minnehaha) county, including the city of Sioux Falls, Del Rapids, Valley Springs and Garretson, has a majority of 752 over Bryan—a pronounced Republican gain. This is Senator Pettigrew's home county, and as the Republican legislative ticket is running well up with the head of the ticket, he will lose seven members of the Legislature here.

DELAWARE.

WILMINGTON, November 6.—Returns received up to 9.30 o'clock indicate a Republican majority in Newcastle county of 2,000 to 2,500. This will give the State to the Republicans by 1,200 to 1,500. The Democrats have carried Kent aud Sussex counties, according to early reports, electing two Senators and nine out of ten representatives in Kent county, and making gains in Sussex county. This makes it certain that the Democrats will have a majority of the next Legislature.

MISSISSIPPI.

JACKSON, November 6.—The returns from the interior counties are slow in arriving, but reports so far are to the effect that the election was quiet and orderly throughout the State. In Jackson 75 per cent. of the registered voted was polled. Indications are that the total vote polled will be about 70,000.

MARYLAND.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 6.—McKinley continues to make unexpectedly large gains in Baltimore. With but six precincts missing, the vote is Bryan 49,848, McKinley 56,879; indicating a plurality for McKinley of about 7,200. His majority in the State will almost certainly reach 11,000, the figures set by Chairman Goldsborough, of the Republican State central committee. Murray Vandiver, chairman of the Democratic State central committee, concedes Maryland to McKinley.

SOUTH CAROLINA.

COLUMBIA, Nov. 6.—The Democrats elect all Congressmen in South Carolina.

IOWA.

DES MOINES, Nov. 6.—The first ten precincts returns received by the Iowa State register, give McKinley 1,731; Bryan, 780; a net Republican gain of 208. If the ratio is continued the State will give a Republican plurality of more than 100,000.

WISCONSIN.

MILWAUKEE, Nov. 6.—Returns from one-twentieth of the precincts in Wisconsin, including a few precincts in Milwaukee, indicate that McKinley's majority of 102,612 in 1896 will be more than equalled.

Returns from Wisconsin up to 10 o'clock, though comparatively few, show, when compared with the vote of four years ago, that McKinley has carried the State by a large plurality, equal to if not exceeding the figures of 1896, which were 102,612.

Robert M. Lafollette, the Republican candidate for Governor, is running about equal with the Presidential candidate and is likewise sure of carrying the State. While few returns have been received from the Congressional districts, these show the Republican candidates for Congress to be running equal with McKinley, and the indications are that Wisconsin's delegation will be solidly Republican.

CALIFORNIA.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—Incomplete returns from 50 out of 403 precincts in San Francisco give McKinley 657; Bryan, 443. Thirty two precincts complete, out of 2,190 outside of San Francisco, give McKinley 744; Bryan, 641. Same precincts in 1896 gave McKinley 963; Bryan, 1,044.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 6.—Up to 9 o'clock to-night the returns from this city and the State at large indicate that California has gone Republican by 10,000 to 15,000. The Republicans will elect five congressmen. The second and fifth districts are running very close. The city of San Francisco will give at least 7,000 plurality for McKinley.

WEST VIRGINIA.

PARKERSBURG, November 6.—Chairman Dawson, State Republican committeeman, claims the State for McKinley by 17,000 plurality.

RHODE ISLAND.

NEW YORK, November 6.—A Western Union dispatch from Providence, R. I., says McKinley has carried Rhode Island by about 17,000 plurality.

INDIANA.

INDIANAPOLIS, November 6.—At 10 o'clock to-night the returns were coming in very slowly, and from the meagre reports received up to this hour, indications point to a Republican majority in Indiana. A very heavy ballot was cast. Aside from the clash in Clay county where one man fell dead with twenty bullets in his body, the election has passed off without incident.

Colonel W. T. Durban, the Republican gubernatorial candidate, is running close to the national ticket.

Ten precincts in Mary county, Indianapolis, show a net gain of 251 for McKinley over 1896. The same ratio, if maintained, would give McKinley the county by 8,000.

Democratic Congressmen have been elected in the Second and Third districts, while Republican Congressional candidates were successful in the Sixth, Eighth, Tenth, Eleventh and Thirteenth districts.

MICHIGAN.

DETROIT, Nov. 6.—McKinley has carried Michigan beyond a doubt. Conservative estimates place his majority at 65,000. His majority in 1896 was 41,542. The *Evening News* says that if McKinley's ratio of majority in the 110 districts heard from is maintained throughout the State his majority will be 90,000. The Republican State ticket has also been elected, but by a smaller majority.

MASSACHUSETTS.

BOSTON, Nov. 6.—One hundred cities and towns in Massachusetts, out of 353, give Bryan 15,608, McKinley 27,693. This shows a Republican net loss of 16 per cent. and a Democratic gain of 48 per cent. compared with the vote of 1896.

NEW JERSEY.

TRENTON, N. J., November 6.—Incomplete returns from different parts of the State indicate that New Jersey has been carried for McKinley and Roosevelt by more than 50,000. The Republicans elect six of the eight Congressmen, the same representation as last year, and will have an overwhelming majority in both houses of the Legislature, insuring a Republican to succeed William J. Sewell, Republican, as United States Senator.

NEBRASKA.

OMAHA, November 6.—At 10 P. M. the returns from the State are coming in slowly, less than 200 out of 1,611 precincts having been heard from. These indicate a Republican plurality of from 2,000 to 4,000 in the State for McKinley, although the Fusionists say only Republican precincts are being heard from.

Little is heard from Congressional districts, except from the Second district, where Mercer, Republican, is probably elected.

The city of Omaha is showing some gains for Bryan. The Legislature will in all probability be Republican. Several State districts, usually very close, have given a Republican plurality on the national ticket. In the usual course of events these counties cut a large figure in the complexion of the Legislature, which this year elects two United States Senators.

Bryan's friends practically admit McKinley's re-election, but none of them will stand for a statement. At 11:45 P. M. Mr. Bryan is sleeping soundly and has given no attention to bulletins for two hours.

WYOMING.

CHEYENNE, November 6.—Returns from the State are coming in slowly. It will be some hours before the result is known, but the indications thus far are that the State is safe for McKinley and Republican Congressmen by 2,000 plurality.

MONTANA.

BUTTE, November 6.—Returns from Silver Bow county, which casts one-fourth of Montana's vote, indicate that Bryan has carried the State by something like 20,000; that the Democratic Fusion State ticket is elected, and that the Fusionists will have a majority in the Legislature which elects two U. S. Senators.

KENTUCKY.

LOUISVILLE, November 6.—At 10 o'clock to-night both Democratic and Republican committees claim the State, though they furnish no figures in support of their claims. The Louisville newspapers make claims according to the way they supported the Democratic or Republican tickets in the campaign closed. McKinley's majority in 180 out of 200 precincts in Louisville and the county is 4,059. In the same precincts the majority of Yerkes, Republican candidate for Governor, over Beckham, Democrat, is 4,498. The Democrats are claiming gains out in the State.

LOUISVILLE, Nov. 6.—Incomplete returns from thirty-three counties outside of Louisville give Beckham, for Governor, 8,500 majority over Yerkes. Bryan is running a little ahead of Beckham in the same counties.

One hundred and eighty-five out of 200 precincts in Louisville and the county give McKinley a majority over Bryan of 4,027. The same precincts give Yerkes, for Governor, a majority of 5,020 over Beckham.

OHIO.

CANTON, Nov. 6.—Practically complete returns show McKinley will carry his home county by 2,000 majority; a gain of 1,160 over 1896.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 6.—At 10 o'clock less returns were received than at any previous election in Ohio at that hour. This is attributed to the unusually large vote and the full county and district tickets. There were seven tickets of presidential electors and five State tickets. Out of 3,109 precincts in Ohio, the State committee had heard at 10 o'clock from less than two hundred, and from very few committeemen, indicating no material change in the vote of 1896, when McKinley had a plurality of 51,309. McKinley's home county gained 1,000.

CINCINNATI, Nov. 6.—One hundred precincts outside of Hamilton, Lucas, Cuyahoga and Franklin counties give McKinley 18,581; Bryan, 15,868. The same precincts in 1896 gave 18,580; Bryan, 15,469.

COLUMBUS, Nov. 7.—McKinley has carried his own State without doubt by an increased plurality, but at midnight it is impossible to give the figures, owing to the unusually meagre returns received.

Republican State Chairman Charles Dick has given out the following statement:

"Returns received up to this hour, 11 P. M., justify the claim that Ohio has given McKinley a plurality of from 75,000 to 80,000, and the election of seventeen and perhaps twenty-one Congressmen, making a gain of two and probably three members of Congress."

ARKANSAS.

LITTLE ROCK, Nov. 6.—The *Gazette* estimates a majority of 60,000 for Bryan in Arkansas. Six Democratic Congressmen are elected beyond doubt.

COLORADO.

DENVER, Nov. 6.—Returns received up to 9.30 indicate that Bryan's plurality in the State will be from 30,000 to 40,000, Arapahoe county, including Denver, giving Bryan 6,000 to 8,000 majority. The result on the State ticket is in doubt; also, the Legislature, with the probability in favor of the Fusionists.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Practically Conceded That It Is Republican by a Working Majority.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 6.—Representative Richardson, chairman of the Democratic Congressional Committee, at 11 o'clock declined to make an estimate of the complexion of the next House. He said the returns, received up to that time, were too incomplete to determine the result, so far as the House was concerned. It is practically conceded here, however, that the House is Republican by a working majority.

The General Assembly of Georgia, in joint session yesterday, elected Hon. A. O. Bacon, United States Senator, to succeed himself.

SERIOUS AFFRAY IN DENVER, COL.

Battle Between Special Policemen and Sheriff's Special Officers.

STATE TROOPS UNDER ARMS.

One Man Killed and Five Men Seriously Wounded—Riots in Philadelphia, Pa., Wilmington, Del., and Caseyville, Ind.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

DENVER, COL., November 6.—Before a ballot was cast in Denver to-day trouble between the police department and the sheriff's office, which had been predicted, had begun, and one man dead and five seriously wounded was the result.

Fifteen hundred special policemen had been sworn in for the day and about 1,000 special deputies. At 7 o'clock special policeman Charles F. Carpenter and C. W. Greene were sent to Second and Larrimer streets to supervise the opening of the polls in district one, precinct four. Several special deputies were present. Orders had been issued by the fire and police board to refuse to recognize the authority of the deputies, and to arrest any who in any way interfered with the police. Under these instructions Officer Carpenter ordered the deputies to retire a hundred feet from the polling place. Hampton Jackson, colored, resisted, and drawing a revolver began shooting. One bullet struck Carpenter's arm and a second his foot. Policeman Greene came to the rescue of his companion, striking Jackson on the head and arm, fracturing his skull and breaking his arm. The blow broke the officer's oak club.

Shooting by the deputies became general, while the sixty police, who were armed only with clubs, were at a disadvantage. At this moment City Detective Carberry ran up and opened fire with his revolver. Deputy Sheriff Charles Allen, colored, fell dead at the first shot.

A score of shots were fired by the deputies and Detective Carberry, and Deputies Stewart Harvey and Richard Harriman, both colored, were shot, the former in the right shoulder and the latter in the left arm. It is not known whose bullets wounded them. Special Policeman Greene was shot in the back. None of these was fatally wounded.

Although Troop C, Colorado National Guard, assembled early at the armory and remained under arms throughout the day and it was understood to have been the order of Governor Thomas, the Governor this afternoon positively denied having issued such orders and the officers refused to say by whose orders the troops were assembled.

Mayor McMurry, chairman of the Honest Election League, this evening offered a reward of $5,000 for the arrest and conviction of the men who killed Charles Allen.

Negroes Start a Riot.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 6.—Shortly before noon a small sized riot broke out in the fourteenth division of the Fourth ward, where Congressman McAleer resides. A number of negroes entered the polling place and attempted to vote. Their votes being refused they drew revolvers and a number of shots were fired. "Paddy" McBride, a pugilist of some note, judge of the division, and said to be an adherent of Congressman McAleer, was badly injured about the head by being struck with a revolver, and with Hugh McCloskey, another McAleer follower, was arrested. Three of the negroes were also locked up.

Democrats and Republicans Fight.

BRAZIL, IND., November 6.—In a riot in Caseyville, early to-day, one man was killed. Eight men were severely wounded. Politics led to the fight.

About fifty men became involved in a political discussion in a saloon during the night. The Democrats and Republicans finally separated, only to come together outside the saloon. Some one shot Graves with a shotgun. In an instant many weapons were brought into action. Over 200 shots were fired.

Negroes Assault White Men.

WILMINGTON, DEL., Nov. 6.—A riot occurred in the Third election district of Wilmington, which resulted in the destruction of the polling place. The district has a large negro vote and as the officers were nearly half an hour late in opening the polls, about a hundred negroes assembled in line waiting to vote. As the doors opened they saw a white man, James McHugh, who had gotten in ahead of them attempting to vote. This infuriated them and rushing in they assaulted McHugh and the inspector, James Dugan, cutting both seriously. Policeman Sherry was also cut in attempting to restore order. The negroes destroyed the polling booth and the registration books disappeared in the melee.

THE ELECTORAL COLLEGE.

Republican National Committee Claim 284 Votes Certain for McKinley.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

NEW YORK, November 7.—At 12:30 this morning National Committeemen Manly Bliss and Gibbs held a conference, at the conclusion of which the following statement was given out:

"On the returns received at Republican headquarters up to now, the Republican national committee claim to have elected McKinley and Roosevelt by an electoral vote of 284 with the possibility of twenty-one votes in addition, making a total of 305. These twenty-one votes consist of the thirteen votes in Kentucky, and eight in Nebraska. The States we surely claim for McKinley and Roosevelt are California, Connecticut, Delaware, Illinois, Indiana, Maryland, Iowa, Kansas, Maine, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, North Dakota, Ohio, Oregon, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Utah, Vermont, Washington, West Virginia, Wisconsin and Wyoming."

The committeemen then closed their desks and left for their homes.

The U. S. Marine Hospital Service has received official advices confirming press dispatches to the effect that a case of yellow fever existed at Natchez, Miss., and a case of plague at Bremen, Germany.

That Throbbing Headache

Would quickly leave you if you used Dr. King's New Life Pills. Thousands of sufferers have proved their matchless merit for Sick and Nervous Headaches. They make pure blood and strong nerves, and build up your health. Easy to take. Try them. Only 25 cents. Money back if not cured. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

REPUBLICANS REJOICING.

Canton In a Frenzy of Enthusiasm—President McKinley Called Out.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CANTON, O., Nov. 6.—At midnight Canton was in a frenzy of enthusiasm that knew no bounds. The crowd which had been burning red fire down town marched en masse to the McKinley residence, with bands playing, rockets sending lurid streaks across the midnight sky, and tumultuous cheers mingled with the din of horns and steam whistles. The crowd clamored for the President and he kindly appeared, waving his acknowledgment of the deafening cheers. The President said:

"Fellow Citizens: I thank you for the very great compliment of this call on this inclement night and at this late hour. Of the many gratifying reports from every part of the country, none have given me more genuine and sincere gratitude than those from my own county of Stark. And I appear now, only to do as I have done on so many former occasions, to thank you once more for the warm and hearty endorsement which you have to-day given my public acts."

CAPITAL FIFTEEN MILLION.

American Rice Growers' Distribution Company Organized in Louisiana.

By Telegraph to the Morning Star.

CROWLEY, LA., Nov. 6.—The American Rice Growers Distribution Company, limited, has been incorporated here with a capital of $15,000,000, half of which is paid. The officers are as follows: William K. Vanderbilt, of New York, president; William Duson, of Crowley, vice president and general manager; Alexander W. Hallburg, of New York, treasurer; James P. McGovern, of New York, secretary.

An Editor's Awful Flight.

F. M. Higgins, editor of the Seneca (Ill.) *News*, was afflicted for years with Piles that no doctor or remedy helped until he tried Bucklen's Arnica Salve. He writes that two boxes wholly cured him. It's the surest Pile cure on earth and the best salve in the world. Cure guaranteed. Only 25 cents a box. Sold by R. R. BELLAMY, druggist. †

BUSINESS LOCALS.

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Photographs—Mantella Cabinets, $1.50 per dozen; Oval Cards, $1.00 per dozen. For a limited time only. Respectfully, J. Monroe Culbreth, 116 Market street, opposite Yates' book store. oct 30 tf

Piano and Organ Tuning and Repairing by people who know their business. The price may be a trifle more, but we guarantee satisfaction. Thirty-five years' experience in the business. Ludden & Bates', S. M. H., 109 Market street; Bell 'Phone 599. oct 27 tf

Land for sale—We have desirable tracts of land for sale in counties of Robeson, Bladen, Pender, Columbus, N. C., and Horry and Marion, S. C. The Worth Co. oct 25 tf

For Rent—From October 1st, second, third and fourth floors in building Nos. 110 and 112 Market street, lately known as the "Sutton House," containing nineteen rooms, bath and kitchen. Good sanitary plumbing. All modern improvements. For terms apply to R. H. J. Ahrens. oct 10 tf

For Sale—Buggies and Harness. Repairing of all kinds done. Call and examine goods. P. H. Hayden. au 31 tf

R. E. Lee, Attorney and Counsellor at Law. Room 3 Bank Building, Lumberton, N. C. Claims attended to promptly. Practices anywhere desired. au 7 3m

Choice Timothy Hay, Clover Hay, Straw, fresh ground Meal, Pearl Hominy, Flour, Grain and everything in the Feed line for horses, cows and chickens. John S. McEachern, 211 Market street. Telephones No. 92. jy 8 tf

Apples, Peaches and Honey—I am receiving daily Apples, Peaches, Butter, Chickens, Eggs, Bananas, Lemons, Oranges, etc. Also, a nice lot of Block Honey now on hand. Persons wishing to buy or ship anything of the kind will do well to see or write me. A. S. Winstead, Commission Merchant, 113 and 115 North Second street, Wilmington, N. C. jy 1 tf

COMFORT FOR BODY AND MIND.

The designers of the many pieces of

FURNITURE

in our stock kept three essential points in mind—beauty, utility, durability, and each piece is a monument to their skill and that of the makers. We have kept before us the fact that to sell at a reasonable price means comfort for the mind, many friends, many sales and increased satisfaction.

MUNROE & KELLY,

No. 10 South Front street.

Bell 'Phone 115. nov 6 tf

TORNADO INSURANCE.

NOW IS THE TIME TO GET

TORNADO INSURANCE,

BY APPLYING TO

FRANK H. STEDMAN,

INSURANCE AGENT.

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New Arrivals At The Unlucky Corner

New Prunes from..... **5c Up.**

" Marrowfat Beans,
" Nuts, Raisins and Currants,
Citron, Cal. Peaches Peeled and NOT,
Silver Prunes,
Malaga Grapes ..... **15c Lb.**
Jordon Shelled Almonds,
Paper Shell Almonds,
Asparagus Tips,
Fancy Red Cape Cod Cranberries,
Tender Sweet June Peas.

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oct 25 tf

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YOUR SUPPLY OF SUNDAY BREAD AND CAKE.

Our Candy Factory is in Full Blast.

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oct 14 tf

D. O'CONNOR,

Real Estate Agent, Wilmington, N. C.

DWELLINGS, STORES AND OFFICES FOR RENT.

Houses and Lots for sale on easy terms. Rents, Taxes and Insurance attended to promptly. Money loaned on improved property. nov 1 tf

SPECIAL INDUCEMENT.

A box rented NOW, or at any time before January 1st, 1897, will not be charged for before that date. In other words, by renting now you get fourteen months rent, and pay for but one year. Our office will be open until January 1st. We have a few copper boxes of the $4.00 per year size, more of the $6.00 size, and three of the $10.00 size. All boxes are fully protected in a Burglar and Fire Proof Safe, are accessible to owners during banking hours, and are perfectly secure in every respect. We invite customers to call and examine safe boxes.

Always bear in mind the fact that money deposited before the first day of any calendar month begins to work right away.

THE WILMINGTON SAVINGS & TRUST CO., 108 Princess street

J. W. NORWOOD, President. H. WALTERS, Vice President.
C. E. TAYLOR, Jr., Cashier. oct 13 tf

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Capital,	$200,000.00
Surplus,	30,000.00
Stock Liability,	200,000.00
	$430,000.00

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We offer the above security to depositors, and are prepared to lend them money and give them all reasonable facilities in our line. If you think of starting a Bank Account or changing the one you have, write us or call in and see us.

H. C. McQUEEN, President. J. V. GRAINGER, Cashier.

sep 20 tf

You had best leave Your order now

If you wish your Thanksgiving Suit done in time, as we are rushed with orders. One of our Cheviots and Fancy Cassimere Suits would be Swell.

Our line of Oxfords, Black Vicunas and Unfinished Worsteds catch the eye of all interested in English Suitings.

You should see our line of Underwear before buying. All the latest fads in Neckwear, Collars, Cuffs, Handkerchiefs, Half Hose, Gloves, etc., etc.

M. H. CURRAN,

107 Princess Street.

nov 4 tf

Special Sale at Taylor's Bazaar.

Shirt Waists, Flannelette and Opera Flannel Waists for $1.00 and upwards.

Silk Waists in all colors handsomely stitched and corded for

$3.00 and upwards.

Skirts---Just received a new line of rainy day or walking skirts. Also, a complete line of dress skirts.

Coats for Ladies, Misses and Children in all the latest styles.

Hats---Besides a select assortment of Pattern Hats, we have a complete line of "ready to wear" hats. Stitched hats in all colors, trimmed with scarfs and polka-dotted bands now selling for 50c. Don't fail to call and inspect our stock.

Taylor's Bazaar, 118 Market St.

oct 21 tf

What a Woman Wants,

would fill a book, not a small book at that, but what she wants most and will have, no matter what else she deprives herself of, is a Fetching Hat. The deprivation on her part need not be very severe in the Millinery way if she consults us and lets us cater to her requirements. We can make her an entirely New Hat out of materials we provide, a New Hat out of materials she brings us, or a New Hat out of an old one, retrimmed from materials of her own and ours added. Our work is the very best, and charges reasonable.

Bargains in

Walking Hats 48c to $1.69.

We are showing many new Shapes, Feathers, Birds, Ribbons, Velvets, &c. Everything for Fancy Work, Zephyrs, Germantown and Saxony Wool, Stamped Linens, Embroidery Silks and Cotton Lambs Wool Soles, &c.

Next week we shall have a Great Silk Sale.

at REHDER'S.

Bell 'Phone 118. Inter-State 'Phone 218.

Car fare paid on purchases of $2.00 and up. nov 4 tf

RUBBERS.

CHILDREN'S RUBBERS 7 TO 12½.

MISSES' RUBBERS 13 TO 2.

BELL PHONE 595

LADIES' RUBBERS

MEN'S RUBBERS

—THIS IS THE PLACE.—

Levi McMillan & Co.

nov 6 tf FOURTH AND CAMPBELL STREETS.

An economical Buyer of shoes

Is the woman who recognizes the fact that it is true economy to purchase nothing but the highest grade Shoes for her own wear, as well as for her children.

We will fit Mamma and the Misses, as well as the Boys and Girls, with elegant, durable and comfortable Shoes at prices that no one can touch, when quality is considered.

Our Boys' famous

Armored Cruiser Shoe at $2.00

is sure to please and give entire satisfaction.

GEO. R. FRENCH & SONS.

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